

EXHIBIT 8

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY**Exhibit C - U.S. Patent No. 8,589,541 (“541 Patent”)**

Accused Instrumentalities: smartphones, basic phones, tablets, laptops, and hotspot devices sold (including those sold in bundles with data plans) or used by Verizon and all versions and variations thereof (“Accused Instrumentalities”) since the issuance of U.S. Pat. No. 8,589,541 (the “Asserted Patent”).

Claim 1

Claim	Public Documentation
[1a] A non-transitory computer-readable storage medium storing machine-executable instructions that, when executed by one or more processors of a wireless end-user device, cause the one or more processors to:	The Accused Instrumentalities include “A non-transitory computer-readable storage medium storing machine-executable instructions that, when executed by one or more processors of a wireless end-user device, cause the one or more processors to.”

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

	For example, Verizon sells and uses devices described by Verizon’s website below (e.g., devices made by Samsung, Apple, Motorola, Google, and Kyocera). These devices constitute a wireless end-user device as described in claim 1. <i>See, e.g.</i> : https://www.verizon.com/smartphones/google/ :
--	---

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>Personal Business</p> <p>✓ Shop Why Verizon Support Sign in Search</p> <p>Have a phone you love? Get up to \$540 when you bring your phone. Or iPhone 14 on us. New lines req'd. Online only. Buy Details.</p> <p>Home / Smartphones / Google Chat Call</p> <h2>Shop Google smartphones</h2> <p>All Free phones Samsung Apple Google Motorola Kyocera</p> <p>Lowest price with trade-in offer <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>9 results Sort by: Featured</p> <p>Google X Clear all</p> <p>Filter</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Brand (1) OS Special Offers In Store Pickup Price <div>  <p>Save \$799.99. Online only.</p> <p>Google Pixel 8</p> <p>Starts at \$0/mo \$22.22/mo Details for 36 months, 0% APR Retail price: \$799.99</p> <p>● ● ○</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Compare 1.1K ❤️</p> </div> <div>  <p>Trade in and save \$1000.</p> <p>Google Pixel 8 Pro</p> <p>Starts at \$27.77/mo Details for 36 months, 0% APR Retail price: \$999.99</p> <p>● ● ○</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Compare 2.1K ❤️</p> </div> <div>  <p>Get it free.</p> <p>Google Pixel 7a</p> <p>Starts at \$0/mo \$16.27/mo Details for 36 months, 0% APR Retail price: \$549.99</p> <p>● ● ○</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Compare 2.9K ❤️</p> </div>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	As a specific example, Google’s devices, including the Google Pixel 7 Pro, are wireless end-user devices which run the Android Operating System, and include a processor. <i>See, e.g.,</i> https://www.verizon.com/smartphones/google-pixel-7-pro/ :

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Performance

Bluetooth

Bluetooth® v5.2

Processor

Google Tensor G2 | Titan M2 security coprocessor

OS

Android T

Expandable Memory

No

Security

Fingerprint Unlock with under-display fingerprint sensor Face Unlock | Pattern | PIN | Password

Hotspot

Yes | 10 devices in 4G and 5G

Memory/Storage

12 GB LPDDR5 RAM 128 GB / 256 GB / 512 GB UFS 3.1 storage

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>Verizon sells smartphones on https://www.verizon.com/smartphones. Verizon sells “basic” phones on https://www.verizon.com/basic-phones. Verizon sells hotspot devices on https://www.verizon.com/internet-devices. Verizon sells laptops and tablets on https://www.verizon.com/tablets.</p> <p>For further example, the Google Pixel 7 Pro model is sold or used by Verizon and includes “12 GB LPDDR5 RAM 128 GB / 256 GB / 512 GB UFS 3.1 storage”, in which control policies for applications are stored. <i>See, e.g.</i>, https://www.verizon.com/smartphones/google-pixel-7-pro/:</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Performance

Bluetooth

Bluetooth® v5.2

Processor

Google Tensor G2 | Titan M2 security coprocessor

OS

Android T

Expandable Memory

No

Security

Fingerprint Unlock with under-display fingerprint sensor Face Unlock | Pattern | PIN | Password

Hotspot

Yes | 10 devices in 4G and 5G

Memory/Storage

12 GB LPDDR5 RAM 128 GB / 256 GB / 512 GB UFS 3.1 storage

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>For further example, the Google Pixel 7 Pro has at least Google Tensor G2 Titan M2 security coprocessor. <i>Id.</i></p> <p><i>See also, e.g.,</i> VZN-HW0000173 (and the Verizon requirements plans/documents referenced therein, as well as similar Verizon Requirement Plan(s), e.g., VZN-HW0177206; VZN-HW0175764; VZN-HW0177547; VZN-HW0175706; VZN-HW0176298; VZN-HW0174414; VZN-HW0175852; VZN-HW0175684; VZN-HW0175615; VZN-HW0177896; VZN-HW0174579; VZN-HW0176039; VZN-HW0176619; VZN-HW0175530; VZN-HW0174481; VZN-HW0176225; VZN-HW0174810; VZN-HW0177800; VZN-HW0174672; VZN-HW0175151; VZN-HW0176639; VZN-HW0174543; VZN-HW0175659; VZN-HW0176530; VZN-HW0174593; VZN-HW0178394; VZN-HW0174828; VZN-HW0175450; VZN-HW0176204; VZN-HW0176982; VZN-HW0176005; VZN-HW0175549; VZN-HW0178430; VZN-HW0176958; VZN-HW0178438; VZN-HW0176578; VZN-HW0176348; VZN-HW0175719; VZN-HW0176376; VZN-HW0175638; VZN-HW0173989; VZN-HW0168826; VZN-HW0172610; VZN-HW0170830; VZN-HW0170123; VZN-HW0170020; VZN-HW0176096; VZN-HW0173579; VZN-HW0168055; VZN-HW0173207; VZN-HW0175801; VZN-HW0171292; VZN-HW0176404; VZN-HW0169708; VZN-HW0174711; VZN-HW0171041; VZN-HW0168438; VZN-HW0169144; VZN-HW0171034; VZN-HW0176253; VZN-HW0168937; VZN-HW0178208; VZN-HW0168214; VZN-HW0177919; VZN-HW0177231; VZN-HW0170855; VZN-HW0173155; VZN-HW0169753; VZN-HW0172836; VZN-HW0178369; VZN-HW0175490; VZN-HW0170876; VZN-HW0173388; VZN-HW0175252; VZN-HW0171269; VZN-HW0177977; VZN-HW0170140; VZN-HW0171240; VZN-HW0171064; VZN-HW0171315; VZN-HW0173181; VZN-HW0168426; VZN-HW0171251; VZN-HW0177620; VZN-HW0168225; VZN-HW0177024; VZN-HW0174394; VZN-HW0176581; VZN-HW0173422; VZN-HW0171072; VZN-HW0173513; VZN-HW0174896; VZN-HW0173177; VZN-HW0168888; VZN-HW0173571; VZN-HW0168293; VZN-HW0172626; VZN-HW0168153; VZN-HW0168467; VZN-HW0172868; VZN-HW0169975; VZN-HW0176672; VZN-HW0173107; VZN-HW0169867; VZN-HW0169801; VZN-HW0170042; VZN-HW0169032; VZN-HW0172889; VZN-HW0172906; VZN-HW0174107; VZN-HW0169470; VZN-HW0168191; VZN-HW0168925; VZN-HW0168092; VZN-HW0172748; VZN-HW0172440; VZN-HW0174270; VZN-HW0172200; VZN-HW0168510; VZN-HW0173610; VZN-HW0173815; VZN-HW0170808; VZN-HW0172082; VZN-HW0173375; VZN-HW0168759; VZN-HW0171739; VZN-HW0168541; VZN-HW0169588; VZN-HW0170882; VZN-HW0172312; VZN-HW0171091; VZN-HW0173217; VZN-HW0169926; VZN-HW0169149; VZN-HW0170627; VZN-HW0170151; VZN-HW0171347).</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
[1b] identify a service usage activity of the wireless end-user device, the service usage activity being associated with a first software component of a plurality of software components on the wireless end-user device, the service usage activity comprising one or more prospective or successful communications over a wireless network;	<p>The Accused Instrumentalities “identify a service usage activity of the wireless end-user device, the service usage activity being associated with a first software component of a plurality of software components on the wireless end-user device, the service usage activity comprising one or more prospective or successful communications over a wireless network.”</p> <p>For example, Google’s devices, including the Google Pixel 7 Pro, run the Android Operating System, which includes features such as “Data Saver,” “Battery Saver,” “Extreme Battery Saver,” “Doze Mode,” “App Standby,” “Adaptive Battery,” and/or “JobScheduler” which apply to at least some service usage activities associated with a software component comprising prospective or successful communications over a wireless network. <i>See, e.g.</i>, https://www.verizon.com/smartphones/google-pixel-7-pro/:</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Performance

Bluetooth

Bluetooth® v5.2

Processor

Google Tensor G2 | Titan M2 security coprocessor

OS

Android T

Expandable Memory

No

Security

Fingerprint Unlock with under-display fingerprint sensor Face Unlock | Pattern | PIN | Password

Hotspot

Yes | 10 devices in 4G and 5G

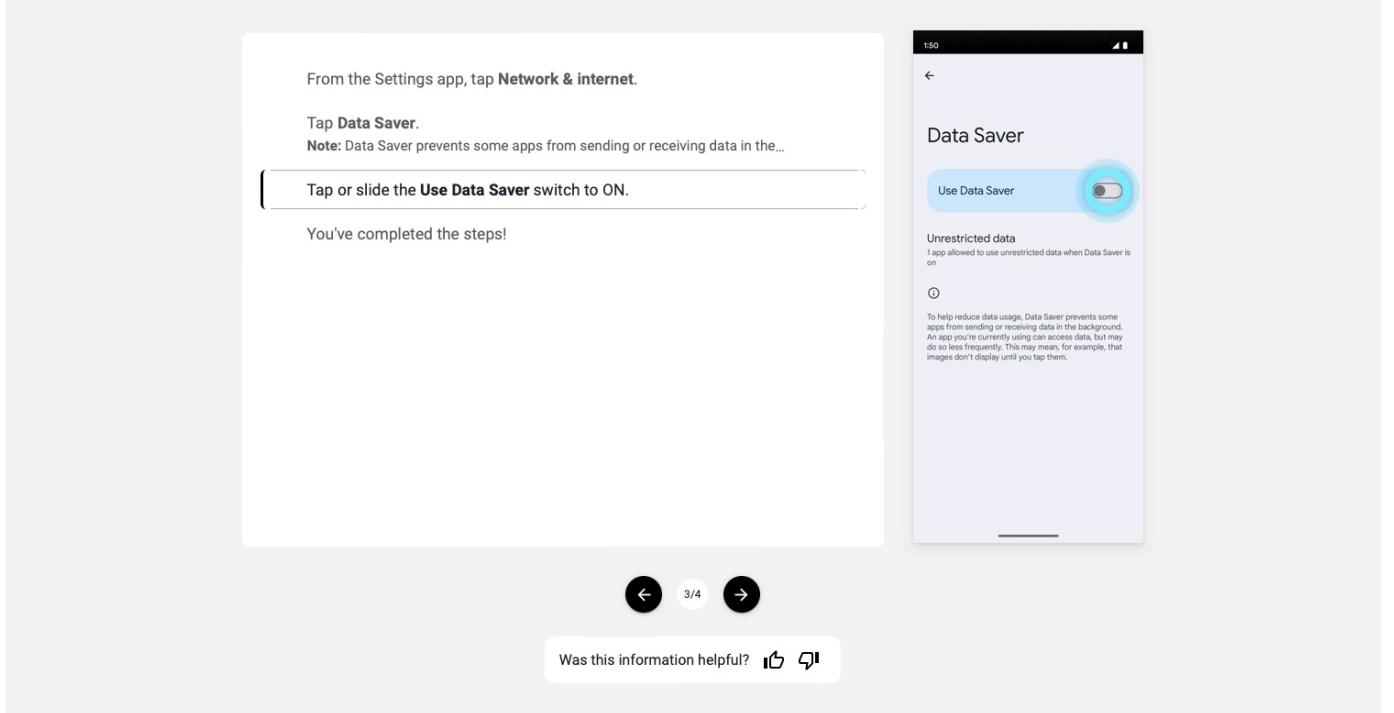
Memory/Storage

12 GB LPDDR5 RAM 128 GB / 256 GB / 512 GB UFS 3.1 storage

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>; https://verizon2018.sds.modeaondemand.com/en-us/tutorial/pixel-7-pro/14.0.0/feature_data_usage-managing-data-usage:</p> <p>← Back to Google Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Managing data usage</p> <p>Monitor your data usage by checking it for your device. You can set up data alerts to warn you if you are approaching your limit and set data limits to prevent overages.</p> <p>From the Settings app, tap Network & internet.</p> <p>Tap SIMs.</p> <p>Tap the SIM you'd like to change the settings for.</p> <p>Scroll to Data warning & limit.</p> <p>Tap Data warning & limit. <small>Note: From this screen, you can limit your data usage and set up alerts for when...</small></p> <p>Tap or slide the Set data warning switch to ON. <small>Note: You can also turn off mobile data when you're in areas where you don't want...</small></p> <p>Tap Data warning.</p> <p>Tap the Set data usage warning field.</p> <p>Enter your preferred data usage warning.</p> <p>Tap Set.</p> <p></p> <p>Was this information helpful?  </p> <p>; https://verizon2018.sds.modeaondemand.com/en-us/tutorial/pixel-7-pro/14.0.0/feature_data_restrict-reducing-data-usage-by-turning-on-data-saver:</p>

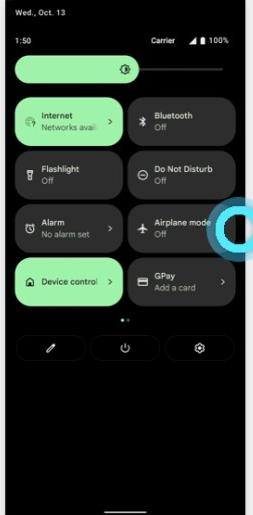
HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>← Back to Google Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Reducing data usage by turning on data saver</p> <p>Using the Data Saver function on your device can help you lower the amount of data you use. Data Saver will prevent some apps from sending or receiving data in the background.</p> <p>A screenshot of a mobile application guide titled "Reducing data usage by turning on data saver". It shows two screens: the first is a step-by-step guide with text and a progress bar, and the second is a settings screen for "Data Saver" with a toggle switch turned on. The Verizon logo is in the top right corner. From the Settings app, tap Network & internet. Tap Data Saver. Note: Data Saver prevents some apps from sending or receiving data in the... Tap or slide the Use Data Saver switch to ON. You've completed the steps! Data Saver Use Data Saver Unrestricted data 1 app allowed to use unrestricted data when Data Saver is on To help reduce data usage, Data Saver prevents some apps from sending or receiving data in the background. An app you're currently using can access data, but may do so less frequently. This may mean, for example, that images don't display until you tap them. Was this information helpful?   ; https://verizon2018.sds.modeaondemand.com/en-us/tutorial/pixel-7-pro/14.0.0/feature_emergency_mode-using-power-saving-mode:</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>← Back to Google Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Using power saving mode</p> <p>Use emergency power saving mode when your device is low on battery and you still need to be able use some functions on your device.</p> <p>From the Home screen, drag down the Notification panel.</p> <p>Drag down the Quick settings panel.</p> <p>Swipe to Battery Saver.</p> <p>Note: Battery Saver saves battery power by turning off some device features and...</p> <p>Touch and hold the Battery Saver icon.</p> <p>Tap or slide the Use Battery Saver switch to ON.</p> <p>You've completed the steps!</p> <p></p> <p>Was this information helpful?  </p> <p>; https://verizon2018.sds.modeondemand.com/en-us/tutorial/pixel-7-pro/14.0.0/feature_battery_extreme-using-extreme-battery-saver-mode:</p>

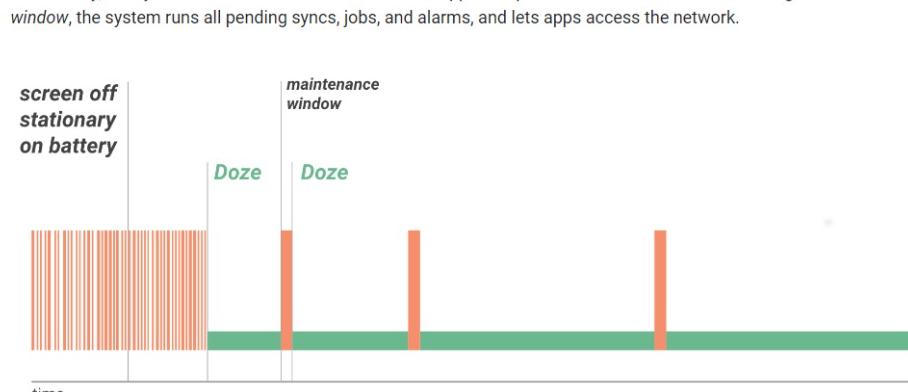
HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>← Back to Google Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Pixel 7 Pro</p> <h3>Using Extreme Battery Saver mode</h3> <p>Extreme Battery Saver pauses most apps, turns off features, and slows processes in addition to what Battery Saver limits.</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"><div style="flex-grow: 1; padding-right: 20px;"><p>From the Home screen, drag down the Notification panel.</p><p>Drag down the Quick settings panel.</p><p>Swipe to Battery Saver.</p><p>Note: Extreme Battery Saver helps you increase battery life by using your device less. It also turns off some power-heavy features like Wi-Fi hotspot, background activity, and more.</p><p>Tap and hold Battery Saver.</p><p>Tap the Extreme Battery Saver settings cog.</p><p>Tap the plus icon next to the apps you would like to keep running in Extreme Battery Saver Mode.</p><p>Note: To save the most battery, only choose critical apps.</p><p>You've completed the steps!</p></div><div style="text-align: right; flex-shrink: 0; margin-top: 20px;"><p>A screenshot of the Pixel 7 Pro's Quick Settings panel. The screen shows various toggles: Internet (on), Bluetooth (off), Flashlight (off), Do Not Disturb (off), Alarm (no alarm set), Airplane mode (off), Device control, and GPay/Add a card. The Airplane mode toggle is circled in blue.</p></div></div> <p style="text-align: center;">Was this information helpful?  </p> <p>;https://developer.android.com/training/basics/network-ops/data-saver:</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>Optimize network data usage </p> <p>Over the life of a smartphone, the cost of a cellular data plan can easily exceed the cost of the device itself. On Android 7.0 (API level 24) and higher, users can enable Data Saver on a device-wide basis in order to optimize their device's data usage, and use less data. This ability is especially useful when roaming, near the end of the billing cycle, or for a small prepaid data pack.</p> <p>When a user enables Data Saver in Settings and the device is on a metered network, the system blocks background data usage and signals apps to use less data in the foreground wherever possible. Users can allow specific apps to use background metered data usage even when Data Saver is turned on.</p> <p>Android 7.0 (API level 24) extends the <code>ConnectivityManager</code> API to provide apps with a way to retrieve the user's Data Saver preferences and monitor preference changes. It is considered good practice for apps to check whether the user has enabled Data Saver and make an effort to limit foreground and background data usage.</p> <p>Check data saver preferences</p> <p>On Android 7.0 (API level 24) and higher, apps can use the <code>ConnectivityManager</code> API to determine what data usage restrictions are being applied. The <code>getRestrictBackgroundStatus()</code> method returns one of the following values:</p> <p><code>RESTRICT_BACKGROUND_STATUS_DISABLED</code></p> <p>Data Saver is disabled.</p> <p><code>RESTRICT_BACKGROUND_STATUS_ENABLED</code></p> <p>The user has enabled Data Saver for this app. Apps should make an effort to limit data usage in the foreground and gracefully handle restrictions to background data usage.</p> <p><code>RESTRICT_BACKGROUND_STATUS_WHITELISTED</code></p> <p>The user has enabled Data Saver but the app is allowed to bypass it. Apps should still make an effort to limit foreground and background data usage.</p> <p>Limit data usage whenever the device is connected to a metered network, even if Data Saver is disabled or the app is allowed to bypass it. The following sample code uses <code>ConnectivityManager.isActiveNetworkMetered()</code> and <code>ConnectivityManager.getRestrictBackgroundStatus()</code> to determine how much data the app should use:</p> <p>; https://developer.android.com/training/monitoring-device-state/doze-standby:</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>Optimize for Doze and App Standby □ ▾</p> <p>Starting from Android 6.0 (API level 23), Android introduces two power-saving features that extend battery life for users by managing how apps behave when a device is not connected to a power source. <i>Doze</i> reduces battery consumption by deferring background CPU and network activity for apps when the device is unused for long periods of time. <i>App Standby</i> defers background network activity for apps with which the user has not recently interacted.</p> <p>While the device is in Doze, apps' access to certain battery-intensive resources is deferred until maintenance windows. The specific restrictions are listed in Power Management Restrictions.</p> <p>Doze and App Standby manage the behavior of all apps running on Android 6.0 or higher, regardless whether they are specifically targeting API level 23. To ensure the best experience for users, test your app in Doze and App Standby modes and make any necessary adjustments to your code. The sections below provide details.</p> <p>Understanding Doze</p> <p>If a user leaves a device unplugged and stationary for a period of time, with the screen off, the device enters Doze mode. In Doze mode, the system attempts to conserve battery by restricting apps' access to network and CPU-intensive services. It also prevents apps from accessing the network and defers their jobs, syncs, and standard alarms.</p> <p>Periodically, the system exits Doze for a brief time to let apps complete their deferred activities. During this <i>maintenance window</i>, the system runs all pending syncs, jobs, and alarms, and lets apps access the network.</p>  <p>Figure 1. Doze provides a recurring maintenance window for apps to use the network and handle pending activities.</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>At the conclusion of each maintenance window, the system again enters Doze, suspending network access and deferring jobs, syncs, and alarms. Over time, the system schedules maintenance windows less and less frequently, helping to reduce battery consumption in cases of longer-term inactivity when the device is not connected to a charger.</p> <p>As soon as the user wakes the device by moving it, turning on the screen, or connecting a charger, the system exits Doze and all apps return to normal activity.</p> <p>The Doze restriction on network access is also likely to affect your app, especially if the app relies on real-time messages such as tickles or notifications. If your app requires a persistent connection to the network to receive messages, you should use Firebase Cloud Messaging (FCM) if possible.</p> <p>; https://developer.android.com/topic/performance/appstandby:</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

App Standby Buckets



Android 9 (API level 28) and higher support **App Standby Buckets**. App Standby Buckets help the system prioritize apps' requests for resources based on how recently and how frequently the apps are used. Based on app usage patterns, each app is placed in one of five priority **buckets**. The system limits the device resources available to each app based on which bucket the app is in.

Priority buckets

The system dynamically assigns each app to a priority bucket, reassigning the apps as needed. The system may rely on a preloaded app that uses machine learning to determine how likely each app is to be used, and assigns apps to the appropriate buckets. If the system app is not present on a device, the system defaults to sorting apps based on how recently they were used. More active apps are assigned to buckets that give the apps higher priority, making more system resources available to the app. In particular, the bucket determines how frequently the app's jobs run, and how often the app can trigger alarms. These restrictions apply only while the device is on battery power; the system does not impose these restrictions on apps while the device is charging.



Note: Every manufacturer can set their own criteria for how non-active apps are assigned to buckets. You should not try to influence which bucket your app is assigned to. Instead, focus on making sure your app behaves well in whatever bucket it might be in. Your app can find out what bucket it's currently in by calling [UsageStatsManager.getAppStandbyBucket\(\)](#).

The buckets are:

1. **Active**: App is currently being used or was very recently used.
2. **Working set**: App is in regular use.
3. **Frequent**: App is often used, but not every day.
4. **Rare**: App is not frequently used.
5. **Restricted**: App consumes a great deal of system resources, or may exhibit undesirable behavior.

In addition, there's a special **never** bucket for apps that have been installed but have never been run. The system imposes severe restrictions on these apps.

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>; https://developer.android.com/topic/performance/background-optimization; https://developer.android.com/reference/android/app/job/JobScheduler; https://developer.android.com/guide/background/persistent; https://developer.android.com/guide/components/services; https://developer.android.com/guide/components/activities/intro-activities; https://developer.android.com/reference/java/net/URLConnection; https://developer.android.com/training/articles/security-ssl; https://developer.android.com/reference/android/net/DnsResolver; https://developer.android.com/guide/topics/media; https://developer.android.com/media; https://developer.android.com/guide/topics/media/platform/mediaplayer.</p> <p><i>See also, e.g., https://www.verizon.com/plans/; https://www.verizon.com/business/products/plans/; https://www.verizon.com/plans/international/international-travel/; https://www.verizon.com/support/international-travel-faqs/.</i></p> <p><i>See also, e.g., VZN-HW0000173 (and the Verizon requirements plans/documents referenced therein, as well as similar Verizon Requirement Plan(s), e.g., VZN-HW0177206; VZN-HW0175764; VZN-HW0177547; VZN-HW0175706; VZN-HW0176298; VZN-HW0174414; VZN-HW0175852; VZN-HW0175684; VZN-HW0175615; VZN-HW0177896; VZN-HW0174579; VZN-HW0176039; VZN-HW0176619; VZN-HW0175530; VZN-HW0174481; VZN-HW0176225; VZN-HW0174810; VZN-HW0177800; VZN-HW0174672; VZN-HW0175151; VZN-HW0176639; VZN-HW0174543; VZN-HW0175659; VZN-HW0176530; VZN-HW0174593; VZN-HW0178394; VZN-HW0174828; VZN-HW0175450; VZN-HW0176204; VZN-HW0176982; VZN-HW0176005; VZN-HW0175549; VZN-HW0178430; VZN-HW0176958; VZN-HW0178438; VZN-HW0176578; VZN-HW0176348; VZN-HW0175719; VZN-HW0176376; VZN-HW0175638; VZN-HW0173989; VZN-HW0168826; VZN-HW0172610; VZN-HW0170830; VZN-HW0170123; VZN-HW0170020; VZN-HW0176096; VZN-HW0173579; VZN-HW0168055; VZN-HW0173207; VZN-HW0175801; VZN-HW0171292; VZN-HW0176404; VZN-HW0169708; VZN-HW0174711; VZN-HW0171041; VZN-HW0168438; VZN-HW0169144; VZN-HW0171034; VZN-HW0176253; VZN-HW0168937; VZN-HW0178208; VZN-HW0168214; VZN-HW0177919; VZN-HW0177231; VZN-HW0170855; VZN-HW0173155; VZN-HW0169753; VZN-HW0172836; VZN-HW0178369; VZN-HW0175490; VZN-HW0170876; VZN-HW0173388; VZN-HW0175252; VZN-HW0171269; VZN-HW0177977; VZN-HW0170140; VZN-HW0171240; VZN-HW0171064; VZN-HW0171315; VZN-HW0173181; VZN-HW0168426; VZN-HW0171251; VZN-HW0177620; VZN-HW0168225; VZN-HW0177024; VZN-HW0174394; VZN-HW0176581; VZN-</i></p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	HW0173422; VZN-HW0171072; VZN-HW0173513; VZN-HW0174896; VZN-HW0173177; VZN-HW0168888; VZN-HW0173571; VZN-HW0168293; VZN-HW0172626; VZN-HW0168153; VZN-HW0168467; VZN-HW0172868; VZN-HW0169975; VZN-HW0176672; VZN-HW0173107; VZN-HW0169867; VZN-HW0169801; VZN-HW0170042; VZN-HW0169032; VZN-HW0172889; VZN-HW0172906; VZN-HW0174107; VZN-HW0169470; VZN-HW0168191; VZN-HW0168925; VZN-HW0168092; VZN-HW0172748; VZN-HW0172440; VZN-HW0174270; VZN-HW0172200; VZN-HW0168510; VZN-HW0173610; VZN-HW0173815; VZN-HW0170808; VZN-HW0172082; VZN-HW0173375; VZN-HW0168759; VZN-HW0171739; VZN-HW0168541; VZN-HW0169588; VZN-HW0170882; VZN-HW0172312; VZN-HW0171091; VZN-HW0173217; VZN-HW0169926; VZN-HW0169149; VZN-HW0170627; VZN-HW0170151; VZN-HW0171347).
[1c] determine whether the service usage activity comprises a background activity;	The Accused Instrumentalities “determine whether the service usage activity comprises a background activity.” Google’s devices, including the Google Pixel 7 Pro, run the Android Operating System, which includes features such as “Data Saver,” “Battery Saver,” “Extreme Battery Saver,” “Doze Mode,” “App Standby,” “Adaptive Battery,” and/or “JobScheduler” through which the device determines whether the service usage activity comprises background or foreground activity. <i>See, e.g.,</i> https://www.verizon.com/smartphones/google-pixel-7-pro/ :

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Performance

Bluetooth

Bluetooth® v5.2

Processor

Google Tensor G2 | Titan M2 security coprocessor

OS

Android T

Expandable Memory

No

Security

Fingerprint Unlock with under-display fingerprint sensor Face Unlock | Pattern | PIN | Password

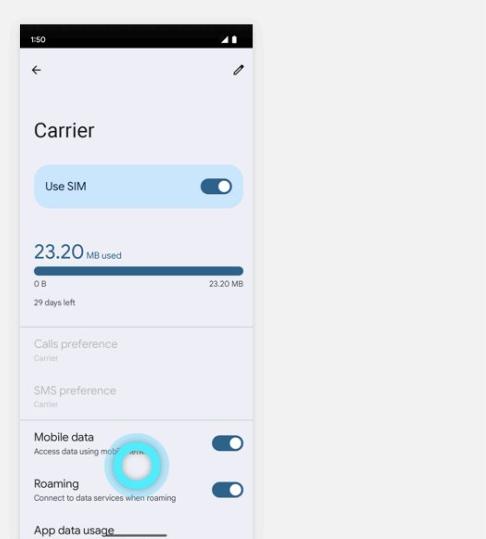
Hotspot

Yes | 10 devices in 4G and 5G

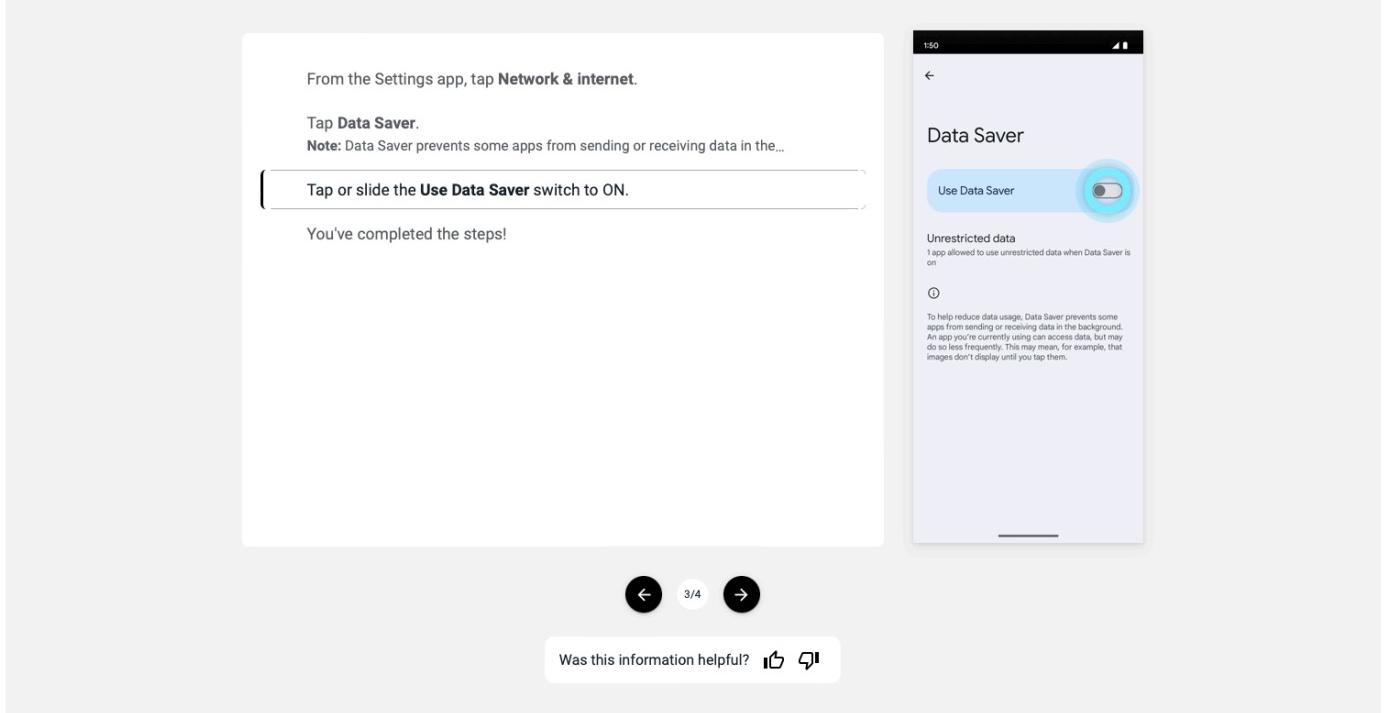
Memory/Storage

12 GB LPDDR5 RAM 128 GB / 256 GB / 512 GB UFS 3.1 storage

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>; https://verizon2018.sds.modeaondemand.com/en-us/tutorial/pixel-7-pro/14.0.0/feature_data_usage-managing-data-usage:</p> <p>← Back to Google Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Managing data usage</p> <p>Monitor your data usage by checking it for your device. You can set up data alerts to warn you if you are approaching your limit and set data limits to prevent overages.</p> <p>From the Settings app, tap Network & internet.</p> <p>Tap SIMs.</p> <p>Tap the SIM you'd like to change the settings for.</p> <p>Scroll to Data warning & limit.</p> <p>Tap Data warning & limit. <small>Note: From this screen, you can limit your data usage and set up alerts for when...</small></p> <p>Tap or slide the Set data warning switch to ON. <small>Note: You can also turn off mobile data when you're in areas where you don't want...</small></p> <p>Tap Data warning.</p> <p>Tap the Set data usage warning field.</p> <p>Enter your preferred data usage warning.</p> <p>Tap Set.</p>  <p>Was this information helpful? </p> <p>;</p> <p>https://verizon2018.sds.modeaondemand.com/en-us/tutorial/pixel-7-pro/14.0.0/feature_data_restrict-reducing-data-usage-by-turning-on-data-saver:</p>

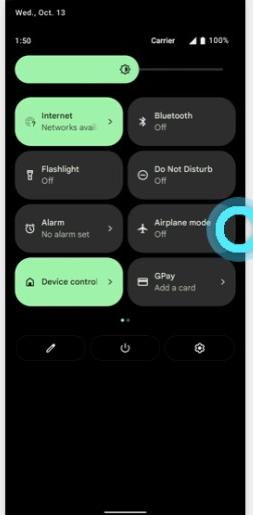
HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>← Back to Google Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Reducing data usage by turning on data saver</p> <p>Using the Data Saver function on your device can help you lower the amount of data you use. Data Saver will prevent some apps from sending or receiving data in the background.</p> <p>A screenshot of a mobile application guide titled "Reducing data usage by turning on data saver". It shows two screens: the first is a step-by-step guide with instructions like "From the Settings app, tap Network & internet." and "Tap or slide the Use Data Saver switch to ON.", followed by a success message "You've completed the steps!"; the second is a settings screen titled "Data Saver" with a blue "Use Data Saver" switch turned on. The Verizon logo is in the top right corner, and a "Copy Link" button is in the top right of the screenshot area. From the Settings app, tap Network & internet. Tap Data Saver. Note: Data Saver prevents some apps from sending or receiving data in the background. Tap or slide the Use Data Saver switch to ON. You've completed the steps! Data Saver Use Data Saver Unrestricted data To help reduce data usage, Data Saver prevents some apps from sending or receiving data in the background. An app you're currently using can access data, but may do so less frequently. This may mean, for example, that images don't display until you tap them. Was this information helpful?   ; https://verizon2018.sds.modeaondemand.com/en-us/tutorial/pixel-7-pro/14.0.0/feature_emergency_mode-using-power-saving-mode:</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>← Back to Google Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Using power saving mode</p> <p>Use emergency power saving mode when your device is low on battery and you still need to be able use some functions on your device.</p> <p>From the Home screen, drag down the Notification panel.</p> <p>Drag down the Quick settings panel.</p> <p>Swipe to Battery Saver.</p> <p>Note: Battery Saver saves battery power by turning off some device features and...</p> <p>Touch and hold the Battery Saver icon.</p> <p>Tap or slide the Use Battery Saver switch to ON.</p> <p>You've completed the steps!</p> <p></p> <p>Was this information helpful?  </p> <p>; https://verizon2018.sds.modeondemand.com/en-us/tutorial/pixel-7-pro/14.0.0/feature_battery_extreme-using-extreme-battery-saver-mode:</p>

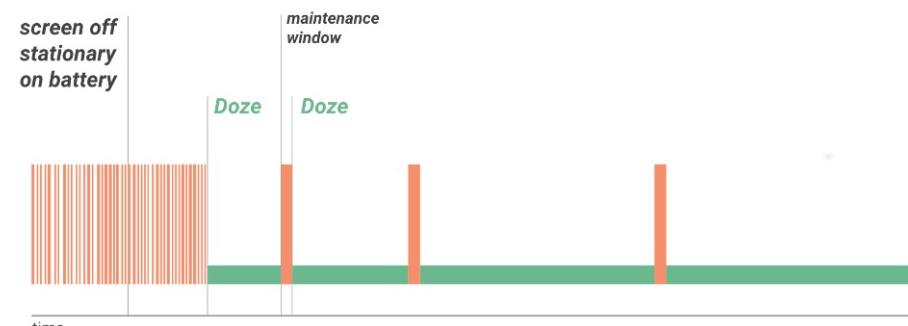
HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>← Back to Google Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Using Extreme Battery Saver mode</p> <p>Extreme Battery Saver pauses most apps, turns off features, and slows processes in addition to what Battery Saver limits.</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: space-between;"><div style="flex-grow: 1; padding-right: 20px;"><p>From the Home screen, drag down the Notification panel.</p><p>Drag down the Quick settings panel.</p><p>Swipe to Battery Saver.</p><p>Note: Extreme Battery Saver helps you increase battery life by using your device less. It also turns off some power-heavy features like Wi-Fi hotspot, background activity, and more.</p><p>Tap and hold Battery Saver.</p><p>Tap the Extreme Battery Saver settings cog.</p><p>Tap the plus icon next to the apps you would like to keep running in Extreme Battery Saver Mode.</p><p>Note: To save the most battery, only choose critical apps.</p><p>You've completed the steps!</p></div><div style="text-align: right;"><p>Wed, Oct. 13 1:50 Carrier 100% Internet Networks avail. Bluetooth Off Flashlight Off Do Not Disturb Off Alarm No alarm set Airplane mode Off Device control GPay Add a card Edit Power Control Center</p></div></div> <p>Was this information helpful?  </p> <p>;</p> <p>https://developer.android.com/training/basics/network-ops/data-saver:</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>Optimize network data usage </p> <p>Over the life of a smartphone, the cost of a cellular data plan can easily exceed the cost of the device itself. On Android 7.0 (API level 24) and higher, users can enable Data Saver on a device-wide basis in order to optimize their device's data usage, and use less data. This ability is especially useful when roaming, near the end of the billing cycle, or for a small prepaid data pack.</p> <p>When a user enables Data Saver in Settings and the device is on a metered network, the system blocks background data usage and signals apps to use less data in the foreground wherever possible. Users can allow specific apps to use background metered data usage even when Data Saver is turned on.</p> <p>Android 7.0 (API level 24) extends the <code>ConnectivityManager</code> API to provide apps with a way to retrieve the user's Data Saver preferences and monitor preference changes. It is considered good practice for apps to check whether the user has enabled Data Saver and make an effort to limit foreground and background data usage.</p> <p>Check data saver preferences</p> <p>On Android 7.0 (API level 24) and higher, apps can use the <code>ConnectivityManager</code> API to determine what data usage restrictions are being applied. The <code>getRestrictBackgroundStatus()</code> method returns one of the following values:</p> <p><code>RESTRICT_BACKGROUND_STATUS_DISABLED</code></p> <p>Data Saver is disabled.</p> <p><code>RESTRICT_BACKGROUND_STATUS_ENABLED</code></p> <p>The user has enabled Data Saver for this app. Apps should make an effort to limit data usage in the foreground and gracefully handle restrictions to background data usage.</p> <p><code>RESTRICT_BACKGROUND_STATUS_WHITELISTED</code></p> <p>The user has enabled Data Saver but the app is allowed to bypass it. Apps should still make an effort to limit foreground and background data usage.</p> <p>Limit data usage whenever the device is connected to a metered network, even if Data Saver is disabled or the app is allowed to bypass it. The following sample code uses <code>ConnectivityManager.isActiveNetworkMetered()</code> and <code>ConnectivityManager.getRestrictBackgroundStatus()</code> to determine how much data the app should use:</p> <p>; https://developer.android.com/training/monitoring-device-state/doze-standby:</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>Optimize for Doze and App Standby □ ▾</p> <p>Starting from Android 6.0 (API level 23), Android introduces two power-saving features that extend battery life for users by managing how apps behave when a device is not connected to a power source. <i>Doze</i> reduces battery consumption by deferring background CPU and network activity for apps when the device is unused for long periods of time. <i>App Standby</i> defers background network activity for apps with which the user has not recently interacted.</p> <p>While the device is in Doze, apps' access to certain battery-intensive resources is deferred until maintenance windows. The specific restrictions are listed in Power Management Restrictions.</p> <p>Doze and App Standby manage the behavior of all apps running on Android 6.0 or higher, regardless whether they are specifically targeting API level 23. To ensure the best experience for users, test your app in Doze and App Standby modes and make any necessary adjustments to your code. The sections below provide details.</p> <p>Understanding Doze</p> <p>If a user leaves a device unplugged and stationary for a period of time, with the screen off, the device enters Doze mode. In Doze mode, the system attempts to conserve battery by restricting apps' access to network and CPU-intensive services. It also prevents apps from accessing the network and defers their jobs, syncs, and standard alarms.</p> <p>Periodically, the system exits Doze for a brief time to let apps complete their deferred activities. During this <i>maintenance window</i>, the system runs all pending syncs, jobs, and alarms, and lets apps access the network.</p>  <p>Figure 1. Doze provides a recurring maintenance window for apps to use the network and handle pending activities.</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>At the conclusion of each maintenance window, the system again enters Doze, suspending network access and deferring jobs, syncs, and alarms. Over time, the system schedules maintenance windows less and less frequently, helping to reduce battery consumption in cases of longer-term inactivity when the device is not connected to a charger.</p> <p>As soon as the user wakes the device by moving it, turning on the screen, or connecting a charger, the system exits Doze and all apps return to normal activity.</p> <p>The Doze restriction on network access is also likely to affect your app, especially if the app relies on real-time messages such as tickles or notifications. If your app requires a persistent connection to the network to receive messages, you should use Firebase Cloud Messaging (FCM) if possible.</p> <p>; https://developer.android.com/topic/performance/appstandby:</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

App Standby Buckets



Android 9 (API level 28) and higher support **App Standby Buckets**. App Standby Buckets help the system prioritize apps' requests for resources based on how recently and how frequently the apps are used. Based on app usage patterns, each app is placed in one of five priority **buckets**. The system limits the device resources available to each app based on which bucket the app is in.

Priority buckets

The system dynamically assigns each app to a priority bucket, reassigning the apps as needed. The system may rely on a preloaded app that uses machine learning to determine how likely each app is to be used, and assigns apps to the appropriate buckets. If the system app is not present on a device, the system defaults to sorting apps based on how recently they were used. More active apps are assigned to buckets that give the apps higher priority, making more system resources available to the app. In particular, the bucket determines how frequently the app's jobs run, and how often the app can trigger alarms. These restrictions apply only while the device is on battery power; the system does not impose these restrictions on apps while the device is charging.



Note: Every manufacturer can set their own criteria for how non-active apps are assigned to buckets. You should not try to influence which bucket your app is assigned to. Instead, focus on making sure your app behaves well in whatever bucket it might be in. Your app can find out what bucket it's currently in by calling [UsageStatsManager.getAppStandbyBucket\(\)](#).

The buckets are:

1. **Active**: App is currently being used or was very recently used.
2. **Working set**: App is in regular use.
3. **Frequent**: App is often used, but not every day.
4. **Rare**: App is not frequently used.
5. **Restricted**: App consumes a great deal of system resources, or may exhibit undesirable behavior.

In addition, there's a special **never** bucket for apps that have been installed but have never been run. The system imposes severe restrictions on these apps.

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>; https://developer.android.com/topic/performance/power/power-details; https://developer.android.com/topic/performance/background-optimization; https://developer.android.com/reference/android/app/job/JobScheduler; https://developer.android.com/guide/background/persistent; https://developer.android.com/guide/components/activities/activity-lifecycle; https://developer.android.com/guide/components/activities/process-lifecycle:</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px;"><p>1. A foreground process is one that is required for what the user is currently doing. Various application components can cause its containing process to be considered foreground in different ways. A process is considered to be in the foreground if any of the following conditions hold:</p><ul style="list-style-type: none">• It is running an <code>Activity</code> at the top of the screen that the user is interacting with (its <code>onResume()</code> method has been called).• It has a <code>BroadcastReceiver</code> that is currently running (its <code>BroadcastReceiver.onReceive()</code> method is executing).• It has a <code>Service</code> that is currently executing code in one of its callbacks (<code>Service.onCreate()</code>, <code>Service.onStart()</code>, or <code>Service.onDestroy()</code>).<p>There will only ever be a few such processes in the system, and these will only be killed as a last resort if memory is so low that not even these processes can continue to run. Generally, at this point, the device has reached a memory paging state, so this action is required in order to keep the user interface responsive.</p></div> <p>; https://developer.android.com/guide/background:</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>Definition of background work</p> <p>An app is running in the <i>background</i> when both the following conditions are satisfied:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• None of the app's activities are currently visible to the user.• The app isn't running any <i>foreground services</i> that started while an activity from the app was visible to the user. <p>Otherwise, the app is running in the <i>foreground</i>.</p> <p>; https://developer.android.com/guide/components/services/;</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Types of Services

These are the three different types of services:

Foreground

A foreground service performs some operation that is noticeable to the user. For example, an audio app would use a foreground service to play an audio track. Foreground services must display a [Notification](#). Foreground services continue running even when the user isn't interacting with the app.

When you use a foreground service, you must display a notification so that users are actively aware that the service is running. This notification cannot be dismissed unless the service is either stopped or removed from the foreground.

Learn more about how to configure [foreground services](#) in your app.



Note: The [WorkManager API](#) offers a flexible way of scheduling tasks, and is able to [run these jobs as foreground services](#) if needed. In many cases, using WorkManager is preferable to using foreground services directly.

Background

A background service performs an operation that isn't directly noticed by the user. For example, if an app used a service to compact its storage, that would usually be a background service.



Note: If your app targets API level 26 or higher, the system imposes [restrictions on running background services](#) when the app itself isn't in the foreground. In most situations, for example, you shouldn't [access location information from the background](#). Instead, [schedule tasks using WorkManager](#).

Bound

A service is *bound* when an application component binds to it by calling `bindService()`. A bound service offers a client-server interface that allows components to interact with the service, send requests, receive results, and even do so across processes with interprocess communication (IPC). A bound service runs only as long as another application component is bound to it. Multiple components can bind to the service at once, but when all of them unbind, the service is destroyed.

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>; https://developer.android.com/guide/components/activities/intro-activities.</p> <p><i>See also, e.g., https://www.verizon.com/support/data-usage-faqs/:</i></p> <p>What is indirect or background data usage? ^</p> <p>Indirect data usage occurs in the background, during tasks performed automatically by your device. Some examples of indirect data usage are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Automatic backups of pictures or videos• Software updates• App content refreshes• Syncing and location services <p>Note: You can adjust these functions in your device Settings.</p> <p><i>See also, e.g., VZN-HW0000173 (and the Verizon requirements plans/documents referenced therein, as well as similar Verizon Requirement Plan(s), e.g., VZN-HW0177206; VZN-HW0175764; VZN-HW0177547; VZN-HW0175706; VZN-HW0176298; VZN-HW0174414; VZN-HW0175852; VZN-HW0175684; VZN-HW0175615; VZN-HW0177896; VZN-HW0174579; VZN-HW0176039; VZN-HW0176619; VZN-HW0175530; VZN-HW0174481; VZN-HW0176225; VZN-HW0174810; VZN-HW0177800; VZN-HW0174672; VZN-HW0175151; VZN-HW0176639; VZN-HW0174543; VZN-HW0175659; VZN-HW0176530; VZN-HW0174593; VZN-HW0178394; VZN-HW0174828; VZN-HW0175450; VZN-HW0176204; VZN-HW0176982; VZN-HW0176005; VZN-HW0175549; VZN-HW0178430; VZN-HW0176958; VZN-HW0178438; VZN-HW0176578; VZN-HW0176348; VZN-HW0175719; VZN-HW0176376; VZN-HW0175638; VZN-HW0173989; VZN-HW0168826; VZN-HW0172610; VZN-</i></p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	HW0170830; VZN-HW0170123; VZN-HW0170020; VZN-HW0176096; VZN-HW0173579; VZN-HW0168055; VZN-HW0173207; VZN-HW0175801; VZN-HW0171292; VZN-HW0176404; VZN-HW0169708; VZN-HW0174711; VZN-HW0171041; VZN-HW0168438; VZN-HW0169144; VZN-HW0171034; VZN-HW0176253; VZN-HW0168937; VZN-HW0178208; VZN-HW0168214; VZN-HW0177919; VZN-HW0177231; VZN-HW0170855; VZN-HW0173155; VZN-HW0169753; VZN-HW0172836; VZN-HW0178369; VZN-HW0175490; VZN-HW0170876; VZN-HW0173388; VZN-HW0175252; VZN-HW0171269; VZN-HW0177977; VZN-HW0170140; VZN-HW0171240; VZN-HW0171064; VZN-HW0171315; VZN-HW0173181; VZN-HW0168426; VZN-HW0171251; VZN-HW0177620; VZN-HW0168225; VZN-HW0177024; VZN-HW0174394; VZN-HW0176581; VZN-HW0173422; VZN-HW0171072; VZN-HW0173513; VZN-HW0174896; VZN-HW0173177; VZN-HW0168888; VZN-HW0173571; VZN-HW0168293; VZN-HW0172626; VZN-HW0168153; VZN-HW0168467; VZN-HW0172868; VZN-HW0169975; VZN-HW0176672; VZN-HW0173107; VZN-HW0169867; VZN-HW0169801; VZN-HW0170042; VZN-HW0169032; VZN-HW0172889; VZN-HW0172906; VZN-HW0174107; VZN-HW0169470; VZN-HW0168191; VZN-HW0168925; VZN-HW0168092; VZN-HW0172748; VZN-HW0172440; VZN-HW0174270; VZN-HW0172200; VZN-HW0168510; VZN-HW0173610; VZN-HW0173815; VZN-HW0170808; VZN-HW0172082; VZN-HW0173375; VZN-HW0168759; VZN-HW0171739; VZN-HW0168541; VZN-HW0169588; VZN-HW0170882; VZN-HW0172312; VZN-HW0171091; VZN-HW0173217; VZN-HW0169926; VZN-HW0169149; VZN-HW0170627; VZN-HW0170151; VZN-HW0171347).
[1d] determine at least an aspect of a policy based on a user input obtained through a user interface of the wireless end-user device or based on information from a network element, the policy to be applied if the service usage activity is the background activity, the policy at least for controlling the service usage activity;	<p>The Accused Instrumentalities “determine at least an aspect of a policy based on a user input obtained through a user interface of the wireless end-user device or based on information from a network element, the policy to be applied if the service usage activity is the background activity, the policy at least for controlling the service usage activity.”</p> <p>For example, Google’s devices, including the Google Pixel 7 Pro, run the Android Operating System which includes an interface which allow users to specify multiple aspects of policies based on user input in various settings (e.g., enabling/disabling Data Saver, Battery Saver, Extreme Battery Saver, etc., as well as enabling/disabling policies for specific applications) for controlling service usage activities. <i>See, e.g.</i>, https://www.verizon.com/smartphones/google-pixel-7-pro/:</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Performance

Bluetooth

Bluetooth® v5.2

Processor

Google Tensor G2 | Titan M2 security coprocessor

OS

Android T

Expandable Memory

No

Security

Fingerprint Unlock with under-display fingerprint sensor Face Unlock | Pattern | PIN | Password

Hotspot

Yes | 10 devices in 4G and 5G

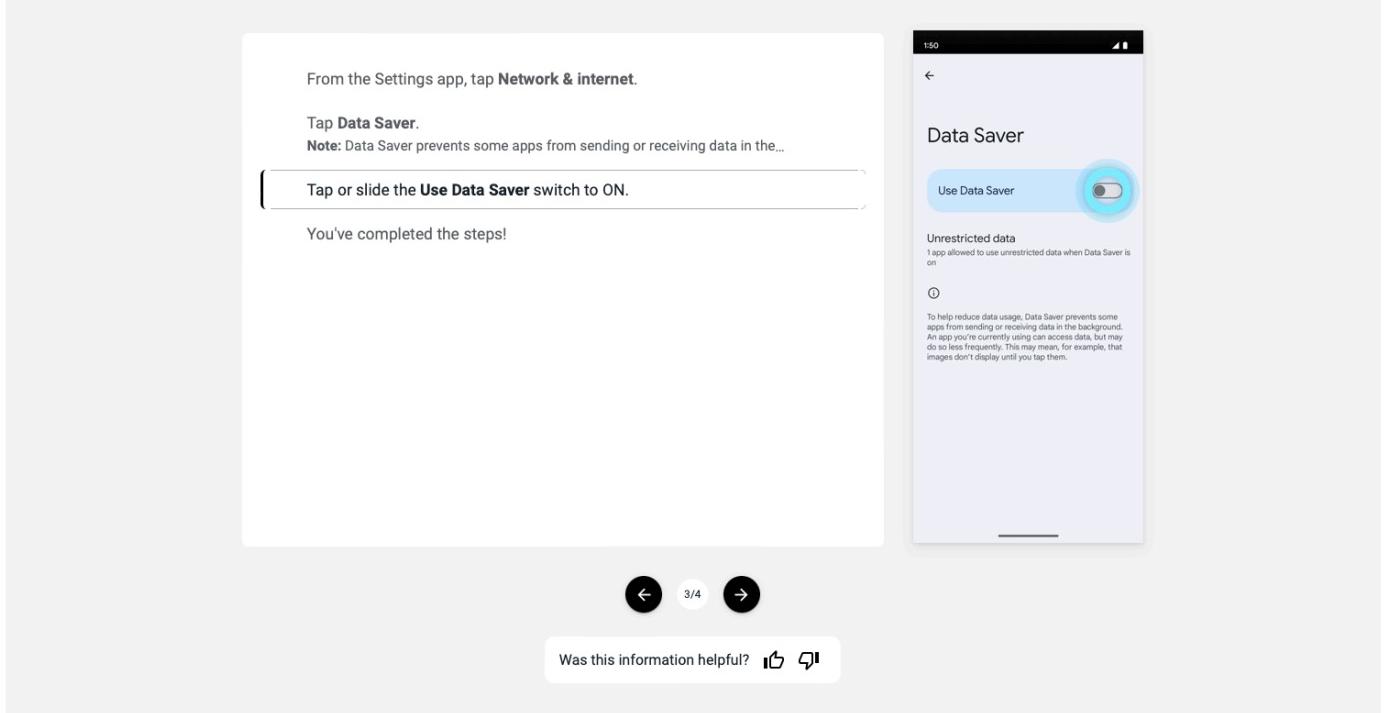
Memory/Storage

12 GB LPDDR5 RAM 128 GB / 256 GB / 512 GB UFS 3.1 storage

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>; https://verizon2018.sds.modeaondemand.com/en-us/tutorial/pixel-7-pro/14.0.0/feature_data_usage-managing-data-usage:</p> <p>← Back to Google Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Managing data usage</p> <p>Monitor your data usage by checking it for your device. You can set up data alerts to warn you if you are approaching your limit and set data limits to prevent overages.</p> <p>From the Settings app, tap Network & internet.</p> <p>Tap SIMs.</p> <p>Tap the SIM you'd like to change the settings for.</p> <p>Scroll to Data warning & limit.</p> <p>Tap Data warning & limit. <small>Note: From this screen, you can limit your data usage and set up alerts for when...</small></p> <p>Tap or slide the Set data warning switch to ON. <small>Note: You can also turn off mobile data when you're in areas where you don't want...</small></p> <p>Tap Data warning.</p> <p>Tap the Set data usage warning field.</p> <p>Enter your preferred data usage warning.</p> <p>Tap Set.</p> <p></p> <p>Was this information helpful?  </p> <p>; https://verizon2018.sds.modeaondemand.com/en-us/tutorial/pixel-7-pro/14.0.0/feature_data_restrict-reducing-data-usage-by-turning-on-data-saver:</p>

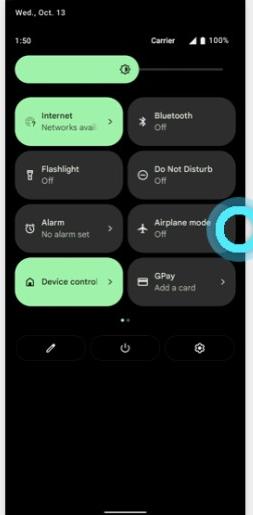
HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>Back to Google Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Reducing data usage by turning on data saver</p> <p>Using the Data Saver function on your device can help you lower the amount of data you use. Data Saver will prevent some apps from sending or receiving data in the background.</p> <p></p> <p>; https://verizon2018.sds.modeaondemand.com/en-us/tutorial/pixel-7-pro/14.0.0/feature_emergency_mode-using-power-saving-mode:</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>← Back to Google Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Using power saving mode</p> <p>Use emergency power saving mode when your device is low on battery and you still need to be able use some functions on your device.</p> <p>From the Home screen, drag down the Notification panel.</p> <p>Drag down the Quick settings panel.</p> <p>Swipe to Battery Saver.</p> <p>Note: Battery Saver saves battery power by turning off some device features and...</p> <p>Touch and hold the Battery Saver icon.</p> <p>Tap or slide the Use Battery Saver switch to ON.</p> <p>You've completed the steps!</p> <p></p> <p>Was this information helpful?  </p> <p>; https://verizon2018.sds.modeondemand.com/en-us/tutorial/pixel-7-pro/14.0.0/feature_battery_extreme-using-extreme-battery-saver-mode:</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>← Back to Google Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Using Extreme Battery Saver mode</p> <p>Extreme Battery Saver pauses most apps, turns off features, and slows processes in addition to what Battery Saver limits.</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: space-between;"><div style="flex-grow: 1; padding-right: 20px;"><p>From the Home screen, drag down the Notification panel.</p><p>Drag down the Quick settings panel.</p><p>Swipe to Battery Saver.</p><p>Note: Extreme Battery Saver helps you increase battery life by using your device less. It also turns off some power-heavy features like Wi-Fi hotspot, background activity, and more.</p><p>Tap and hold Battery Saver.</p><p>Tap the Extreme Battery Saver settings cog.</p><p>Tap the plus icon next to the apps you would like to keep running in Extreme Battery Saver Mode.</p><p>Note: To save the most battery, only choose critical apps.</p><p>You've completed the steps!</p></div><div style="text-align: right;"><p>Wed, Oct. 13 1:50 Carrier 100%</p><p>Internet Networks avail. Bluetooth Off</p><p>Flashlight Off Do Not Disturb Off</p><p>Alarm No alarm set Airplane mode Off</p><p>Device control GPay Add a card</p><p>...</p><p>...</p><p>...</p></div></div> <p style="text-align: center;">Was this information helpful?  </p> <p>;</p> <p>https://developer.android.com/training/basics/network-ops/data-saver:</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>Optimize network data usage </p> <p>Over the life of a smartphone, the cost of a cellular data plan can easily exceed the cost of the device itself. On Android 7.0 (API level 24) and higher, users can enable Data Saver on a device-wide basis in order to optimize their device's data usage, and use less data. This ability is especially useful when roaming, near the end of the billing cycle, or for a small prepaid data pack.</p> <p>When a user enables Data Saver in Settings and the device is on a metered network, the system blocks background data usage and signals apps to use less data in the foreground wherever possible. Users can allow specific apps to use background metered data usage even when Data Saver is turned on.</p> <p>Android 7.0 (API level 24) extends the <code>ConnectivityManager</code> API to provide apps with a way to retrieve the user's Data Saver preferences and monitor preference changes. It is considered good practice for apps to check whether the user has enabled Data Saver and make an effort to limit foreground and background data usage.</p> <p>Check data saver preferences</p> <p>On Android 7.0 (API level 24) and higher, apps can use the <code>ConnectivityManager</code> API to determine what data usage restrictions are being applied. The <code>getRestrictBackgroundStatus()</code> method returns one of the following values:</p> <p><code>RESTRICT_BACKGROUND_STATUS_DISABLED</code></p> <p>Data Saver is disabled.</p> <p><code>RESTRICT_BACKGROUND_STATUS_ENABLED</code></p> <p>The user has enabled Data Saver for this app. Apps should make an effort to limit data usage in the foreground and gracefully handle restrictions to background data usage.</p> <p><code>RESTRICT_BACKGROUND_STATUS_WHITELISTED</code></p> <p>The user has enabled Data Saver but the app is allowed to bypass it. Apps should still make an effort to limit foreground and background data usage.</p> <p>Limit data usage whenever the device is connected to a metered network, even if Data Saver is disabled or the app is allowed to bypass it. The following sample code uses <code>ConnectivityManager.isActiveNetworkMetered()</code> and <code>ConnectivityManager.getRestrictBackgroundStatus()</code> to determine how much data the app should use:</p> <p>; https://developer.android.com/training/monitoring-device-state/doze-standby:</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>Optimize for Doze and App Standby □ ▾</p> <p>Starting from Android 6.0 (API level 23), Android introduces two power-saving features that extend battery life for users by managing how apps behave when a device is not connected to a power source. <i>Doze</i> reduces battery consumption by deferring background CPU and network activity for apps when the device is unused for long periods of time. <i>App Standby</i> defers background network activity for apps with which the user has not recently interacted.</p> <p>While the device is in Doze, apps' access to certain battery-intensive resources is deferred until maintenance windows. The specific restrictions are listed in Power Management Restrictions.</p> <p>Doze and App Standby manage the behavior of all apps running on Android 6.0 or higher, regardless whether they are specifically targeting API level 23. To ensure the best experience for users, test your app in Doze and App Standby modes and make any necessary adjustments to your code. The sections below provide details.</p> <p>Understanding Doze</p> <p>If a user leaves a device unplugged and stationary for a period of time, with the screen off, the device enters Doze mode. In Doze mode, the system attempts to conserve battery by restricting apps' access to network and CPU-intensive services. It also prevents apps from accessing the network and defers their jobs, syncs, and standard alarms.</p> <p>Periodically, the system exits Doze for a brief time to let apps complete their deferred activities. During this <i>maintenance window</i>, the system runs all pending syncs, jobs, and alarms, and lets apps access the network.</p>  <p>Figure 1. Doze provides a recurring maintenance window for apps to use the network and handle pending activities.</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>At the conclusion of each maintenance window, the system again enters Doze, suspending network access and deferring jobs, syncs, and alarms. Over time, the system schedules maintenance windows less and less frequently, helping to reduce battery consumption in cases of longer-term inactivity when the device is not connected to a charger.</p> <p>As soon as the user wakes the device by moving it, turning on the screen, or connecting a charger, the system exits Doze and all apps return to normal activity.</p> <p>The Doze restriction on network access is also likely to affect your app, especially if the app relies on real-time messages such as tickles or notifications. If your app requires a persistent connection to the network to receive messages, you should use Firebase Cloud Messaging (FCM) if possible.</p> <p>; https://developer.android.com/topic/performance/appstandby:</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

App Standby Buckets



Android 9 (API level 28) and higher support **App Standby Buckets**. App Standby Buckets help the system prioritize apps' requests for resources based on how recently and how frequently the apps are used. Based on app usage patterns, each app is placed in one of five priority **buckets**. The system limits the device resources available to each app based on which bucket the app is in.

Priority buckets

The system dynamically assigns each app to a priority bucket, reassigning the apps as needed. The system may rely on a preloaded app that uses machine learning to determine how likely each app is to be used, and assigns apps to the appropriate buckets. If the system app is not present on a device, the system defaults to sorting apps based on how recently they were used. More active apps are assigned to buckets that give the apps higher priority, making more system resources available to the app. In particular, the bucket determines how frequently the app's jobs run, and how often the app can trigger alarms. These restrictions apply only while the device is on battery power; the system does not impose these restrictions on apps while the device is charging.



Note: Every manufacturer can set their own criteria for how non-active apps are assigned to buckets. You should not try to influence which bucket your app is assigned to. Instead, focus on making sure your app behaves well in whatever bucket it might be in. Your app can find out what bucket it's currently in by calling [UsageStatsManager.getAppStandbyBucket\(\)](#).

The buckets are:

1. **Active**: App is currently being used or was very recently used.
2. **Working set**: App is in regular use.
3. **Frequent**: App is often used, but not every day.
4. **Rare**: App is not frequently used.
5. **Restricted**: App consumes a great deal of system resources, or may exhibit undesirable behavior.

In addition, there's a special **never** bucket for apps that have been installed but have never been run. The system imposes severe restrictions on these apps.

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>; https://developer.android.com/topic/performance/power/power-details:</p> <h2>Power management restrictions</h2> <p>As described in Power management, the system can impose power restrictions on apps for a number of reasons. The following table outlines the current restrictions. These restrictions do not apply while the device is charging.</p> <p>In each case, the most restrictive applicable setting is the one that takes effect. For example, if Battery Saver is active and an app is in the Rare bucket, the more stringent App Standby Buckets restrictions on Firebase Cloud Messaging (FCM) are applied.</p>

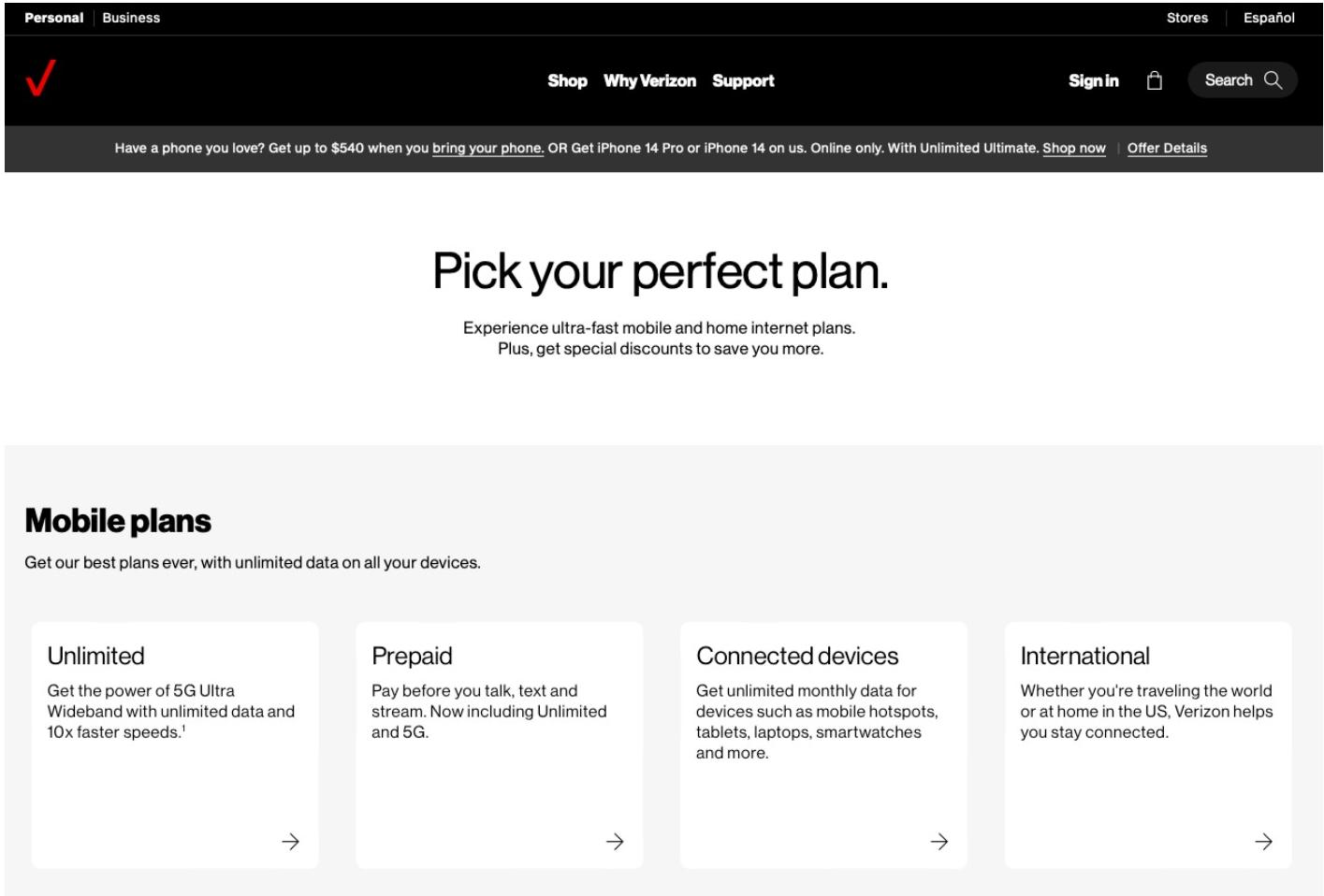
HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Setting	Jobs *	Alarms	Network †	Firebase Cloud Messaging §
User Restricts Background Activity				
Restrictions enabled:	Never	Never	No restriction	No restriction
Doze				
Doze active:	Deferred to window	Regular alarms: Deferred to window Inexact while-idle alarms: Limited to 1 per 9 minutes Exact while-idle alarms: Limited to 72 per hour	Deferred to window	High priority: No restriction Normal priority: Deferred to window
App Standby Buckets (by bucket)				
Active:	No restriction	No restriction	No restriction	No restriction
Working set:	Limited to 10 minutes every 2 hours	Limited to 10 per hour	No restriction	No restriction
Frequent:	Limited to 10 minutes every 8 hours	Limited to 2 per hour	No restriction	High priority: 10/day
Rare:	Limited to 10 minutes every 24 hours	Limited to 1 per hour	Disabled	High priority: 5/day
Restricted:	Once per day	One alarm per day, either an exact alarm or an inexact alarm	Disabled	High priority: 5/day

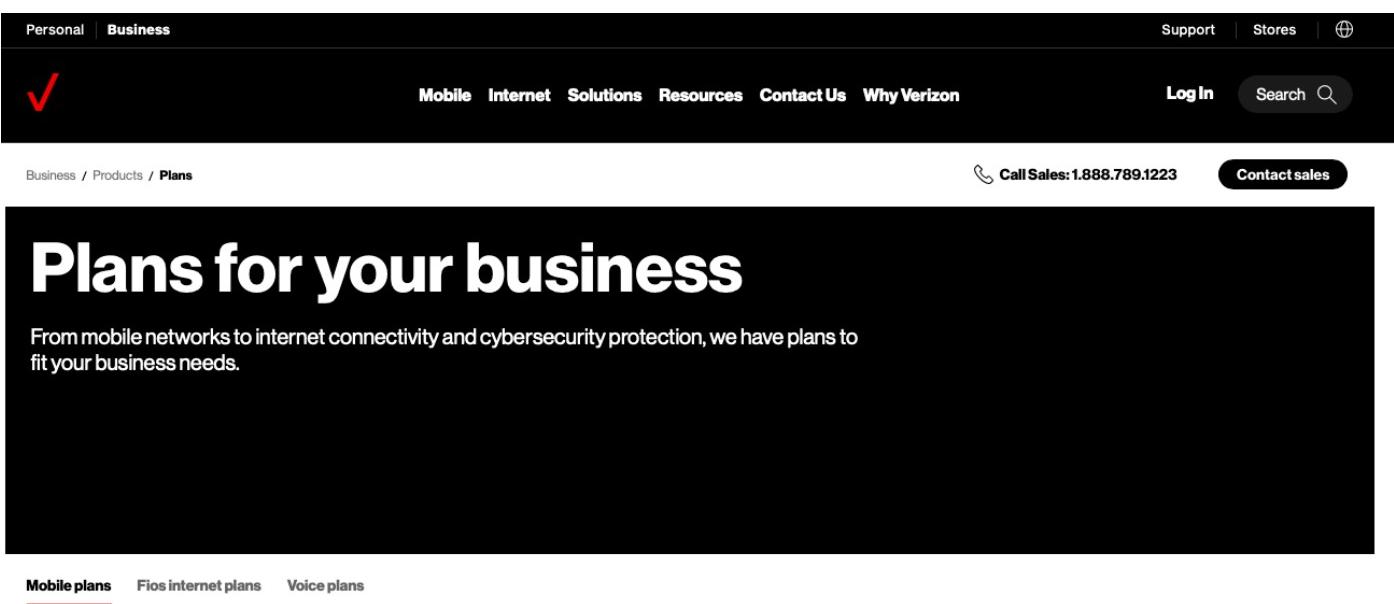
HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>; https://developer.android.com/topic/performance/background-optimization; https://developer.android.com/reference/android/app/job/JobScheduler; https://developer.android.com/guide/background/persistent.</p> <p>As yet another example, the Accused Instrumentalities determine aspects of policies based on information from a network element. <i>See, e.g.</i>, https://www.verizon.com/plans/:</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	 <p>The screenshot shows the Verizon website's mobile plans section. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for Personal, Business, Stores, Español, Sign in, and a search bar. A promotional banner at the top of the page offers up to \$540 when bringing a phone or getting an iPhone 14 Pro or iPhone 14 on contract online with Unlimited Ultimate. Below this, a large headline reads "Pick your perfect plan." followed by a subtext about experiencing ultra-fast mobile and home internet plans and getting special discounts. The main content area is titled "Mobile plans" and features four categories: "Unlimited", "Prepaid", "Connected devices", and "International". Each category has a brief description and a right-pointing arrow indicating further details. The URL https://www.verizon.com/business/products/plans/ is noted at the bottom of the screenshot.</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	 <p>The screenshot shows the Verizon Business website. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for Personal, Business, Support, Stores, and a search bar. Below the navigation is a large red checkmark icon. The main heading is "Plans for your business". A sub-section title is "Business Unlimited Mobility Plans". Three plan options are listed: "Business Unlimited Start 5G", "Business Unlimited Plus 5G", and "Business Unlimited Pro 5G". Each option includes a brief description, a price starting at \$30, \$40, or \$45 per line, and a "Get started" button.</p> <p>https://www.verizon.com/business/products/security/mobile-device-endpoint-security/mobile-device-management/mdm-device-enrollment-programs/</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>Personal Business</p> <p>Support Stores </p> <p> Mobile Internet Solutions Resources Contact Us Why Verizon</p> <p>Log In Search </p> <p>Business / Products / Security & Protection / Mobile Device & Endpoint Security / Mobile Device Management / MDM Device Enrollment Programs</p> <p>Call Sales: 1.844.994.3147 Contact sales</p> <h1>Mobile device management</h1> <p>Mobile device management for all your needs using My Business.</p> <p>Sign up</p> <p>https://www.verizon.com/solutions-and-services/add-ons/safety/verizon-smart-family/</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>Personal Business Looking for Business? X</p> <p>Stores Español</p> <p>✓</p> <p>Shop Why Verizon Support Sign in Search </p> <p>Have a phone you love? Get up to \$540 when you bring your phone. OR Get iPhone 14 Pro or iPhone 14 on us. Online only. With Unlimited Ultimate. Shop now Offer Details</p> <p>Verizon Smart Family Overview Features Pricing Support Get it now</p>  <p>Peace of mind for you. Freedom for them.</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	   <p>Block it Out Keep certain apps and sites blocked until your kid is ready.</p> <p>Trusted contacts only Make sure they're only texting and chatting with contacts you've approved. Learn more about setting Trusted Contacts by visiting: https://www.verizon.com/support/how-to-use-verizon-smart-family/</p> <p>Cut back screen time Turn off the web during school hours, bedtime or dinner time so they can focus on what matters most.</p>    <p>Know where they are Location tracking keeps tabs on your child's phone and sends alerts when they arrive at their destination. ; https://www.verizon.com/support/knowledge-base-206963/; https://www.verizon.com/support/knowledge-base-152696/; https://www.verizon.com/support/verizon-smart-family-faqs/:</p> <p>Pick me up Kids can request and share location with their parents.</p> <p>View their driving or passenger activity Keep your mind at ease whether your kids are on the bus, carpooling or driving.</p>
	<p>Page 51 of 208</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

What Verizon Smart Family features are available without downloading the Verizon Smart Family Companion app on my child's device? ^

Certain features are only available if the [Verizon Smart Family Companion app](#) is installed on your child's smartphone and paired with the Verizon Smart Family app on your device.

- **Without pairing, you can:**
 - View call and text activity
 - Set time restrictions on texts, calls and data usage*
 - Set data limits*
 - Set text, call and purchase limits
 - Get access to the device's network location

Note: Network location accuracy may vary up to a few miles.

- **You must pair to:**
 - Set content filters
 - Monitor web and app activity
 - Pause internet access
 - Set time restrictions on Wi-Fi usage
 - Locate family members and set location alerts with the best location accuracy
 - Use the location check-in feature, where family members can send you their precise location when they arrive at their destination
 - Use the **Pick Me Up** feature that lets your child send a request for a ride to a parent line

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>https://developer.android.com/about/versions/pie/android-9.0:</p> <h2>Data cost sensitivity in JobScheduler</h2> <p>Beginning in Android 9, <code>JobScheduler</code> can use network status signals provided by carriers to improve the handling of network-related jobs.</p> <p>Jobs can declare their estimated data size, signal prefetching, and specify detailed network requirements. <code>JobScheduler</code> then manages work according to the network status. For example, when the network signals that it is congested, <code>JobScheduler</code> might defer large network requests. When on an unmetered network, <code>JobScheduler</code> can run prefetch jobs to improve the user experience, such as by prefetching headlines.</p> <p>When adding jobs, make sure to use <code>setEstimatedNetworkBytes()</code>, <code>setPrefetch()</code>, and <code>setRequiredNetwork()</code> when appropriate to help <code>JobScheduler</code> handle the work properly. When your job executes, be sure to use the <code>Network</code> object returned by <code>JobParameters.getNetwork()</code>. Otherwise you'll implicitly use the device's default network which may not meet your requirements, causing unintended data usage.</p> <p>; https://developer.android.com/training/basics/network-ops/reading-network-state; https://developer.android.com/training/connectivity/network-access-optimization; https://developer.android.com/reference/android/net/NetworkCapabilities.</p> <p><i>See also, e.g., VZN-HW0000173 (and the Verizon requirements plans/documents referenced therein, as well as similar Verizon Requirement Plan(s), e.g., VZN-HW0177206; VZN-HW0175764; VZN-HW0177547; VZN-HW0175706; VZN-HW0176298; VZN-HW0174414; VZN-HW0175852; VZN-HW0175684; VZN-HW0175615; VZN-HW0177896; VZN-HW0174579; VZN-HW0176039; VZN-HW0176619; VZN-HW0175530; VZN-HW0174481; VZN-HW0176225; VZN-HW0174810; VZN-HW0177800; VZN-HW0174672; VZN-HW0175151; VZN-HW0176639; VZN-HW0174543; VZN-HW0175659; VZN-HW0176530; VZN-HW0174593; VZN-HW0178394; VZN-HW0174828; VZN-HW0175450; VZN-HW0176204; VZN-HW0176982; VZN-HW0176005; VZN-HW0175549; VZN-HW0178430; VZN-HW0176958; VZN-HW0178438; VZN-HW0176578; VZN-HW0176348; VZN-HW0175719; VZN-HW0176376; VZN-HW0175638; VZN-HW0173989; VZN-HW0168826; VZN-HW0172610; VZN-HW0170830; VZN-HW0170123; VZN-HW0170020; VZN-HW0176096; VZN-HW0173579; VZN-HW0168055; VZN-HW0173207; VZN-HW0175801; VZN-HW0171292; VZN-HW0176404; VZN-HW0169708; VZN-HW0174711; VZN-HW0171041; VZN-HW0168438; VZN-HW0169144; VZN-</i></p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	HW0171034; VZN-HW0176253; VZN-HW0168937; VZN-HW0178208; VZN-HW0168214; VZN-HW0177919; VZN-HW0177231; VZN-HW0170855; VZN-HW0173155; VZN-HW0169753; VZN-HW0172836; VZN-HW0178369; VZN-HW0175490; VZN-HW0170876; VZN-HW0173388; VZN-HW0175252; VZN-HW0171269; VZN-HW0177977; VZN-HW0170140; VZN-HW0171240; VZN-HW0171064; VZN-HW0171315; VZN-HW0173181; VZN-HW0168426; VZN-HW0171251; VZN-HW0177620; VZN-HW0168225; VZN-HW0177024; VZN-HW0174394; VZN-HW0176581; VZN-HW0173422; VZN-HW0171072; VZN-HW0173513; VZN-HW0174896; VZN-HW0173177; VZN-HW0168888; VZN-HW0173571; VZN-HW0168293; VZN-HW0172626; VZN-HW0168153; VZN-HW0168467; VZN-HW0172868; VZN-HW0169975; VZN-HW0176672; VZN-HW0173107; VZN-HW0169867; VZN-HW0169801; VZN-HW0170042; VZN-HW0169032; VZN-HW0172889; VZN-HW0172906; VZN-HW0174107; VZN-HW0169470; VZN-HW0168191; VZN-HW0168925; VZN-HW0168092; VZN-HW0172748; VZN-HW0172440; VZN-HW0174270; VZN-HW0172200; VZN-HW0168510; VZN-HW0173610; VZN-HW0173815; VZN-HW0170808; VZN-HW0172082; VZN-HW0173375; VZN-HW0168759; VZN-HW0171739; VZN-HW0168541; VZN-HW0169588; VZN-HW0170882; VZN-HW0172312; VZN-HW0171091; VZN-HW0173217; VZN-HW0169926; VZN-HW0169149; VZN-HW0170627; VZN-HW0170151; VZN-HW0171347).
[1e] and if it is determined that the service usage activity is the background activity, apply the policy.	<p>The Accused Instrumentalities comprise “and if it is determined that the service usage activity is the background activity, apply the policy.”</p> <p>For example, Google’s devices, including the Google Pixel 7 Pro, run the Android Operating System, which applies the policy to background service usage activity. See, e.g., https://www.verizon.com/smartphones/google-pixel-7-pro/:</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Performance

Bluetooth

Bluetooth® v5.2

Processor

Google Tensor G2 | Titan M2 security coprocessor

OS

Android T

Expandable Memory

No

Security

Fingerprint Unlock with under-display fingerprint sensor Face Unlock | Pattern | PIN | Password

Hotspot

Yes | 10 devices in 4G and 5G

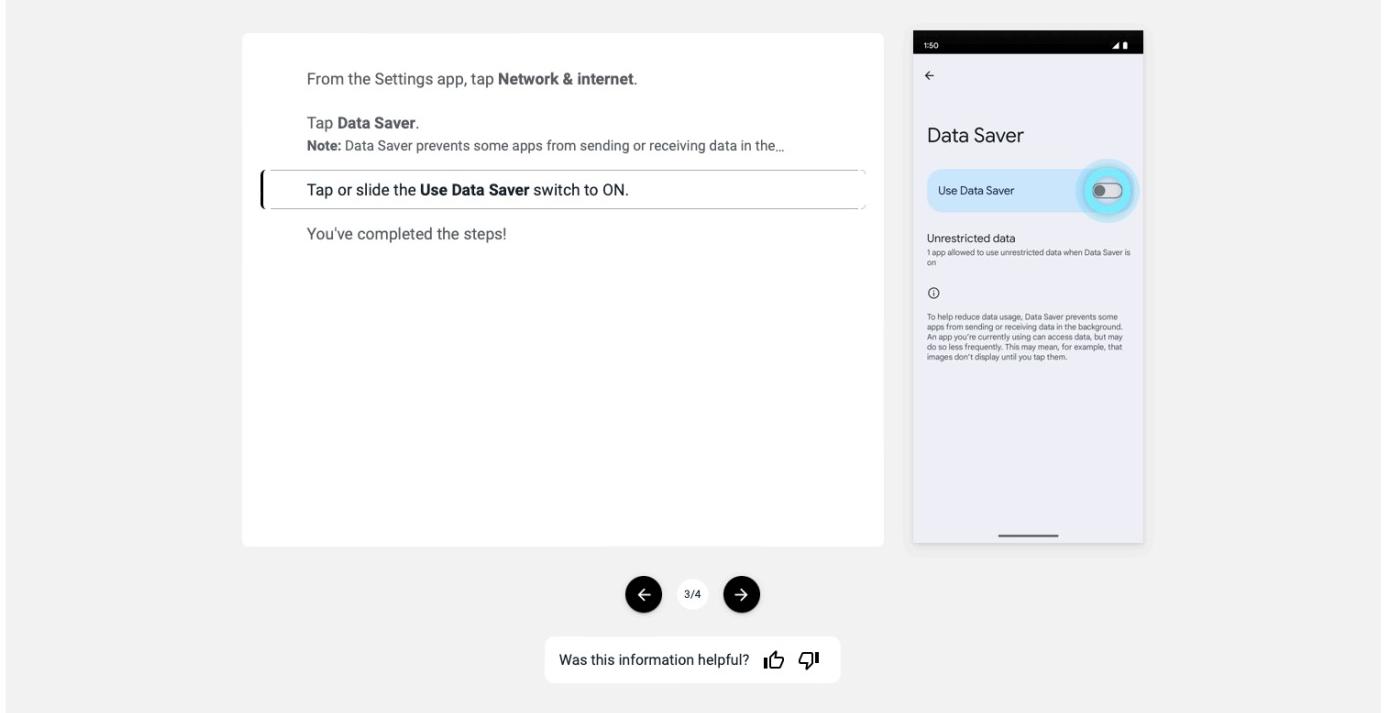
Memory/Storage

12 GB LPDDR5 RAM 128 GB / 256 GB / 512 GB UFS 3.1 storage

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>; https://verizon2018.sds.modeaondemand.com/en-us/tutorial/pixel-7-pro/14.0.0/feature_data_usage-managing-data-usage:</p> <p>← Back to Google Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Managing data usage</p> <p>Monitor your data usage by checking it for your device. You can set up data alerts to warn you if you are approaching your limit and set data limits to prevent overages.</p> <p>From the Settings app, tap Network & internet.</p> <p>Tap SIMs.</p> <p>Tap the SIM you'd like to change the settings for.</p> <p>Scroll to Data warning & limit.</p> <p>Tap Data warning & limit. <small>Note: From this screen, you can limit your data usage and set up alerts for when...</small></p> <p>Tap or slide the Set data warning switch to ON. <small>Note: You can also turn off mobile data when you're in areas where you don't want...</small></p> <p>Tap Data warning.</p> <p>Tap the Set data usage warning field.</p> <p>Enter your preferred data usage warning.</p> <p>Tap Set.</p> <p>Carrier</p> <p>Use SIM <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>23.20 MB used 0 B 23.20 MB 29 days left</p> <p>Calls preference Carrier</p> <p>SMS preference Carrier</p> <p>Mobile data Access data using mobile network <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Roaming Connect to data services when roaming <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>App data usage</p> <p>Was this information helpful? </p> <p>;</p> <p>https://verizon2018.sds.modeaondemand.com/en-us/tutorial/pixel-7-pro/14.0.0/feature_data_restrict-reducing-data-usage-by-turning-on-data-saver:</p>

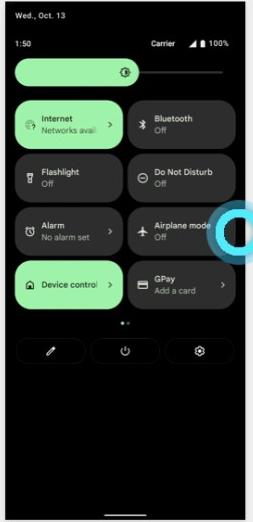
HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>← Back to Google Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Reducing data usage by turning on data saver</p> <p>Using the Data Saver function on your device can help you lower the amount of data you use. Data Saver will prevent some apps from sending or receiving data in the background.</p> <p>A screenshot of a mobile phone screen displaying a tutorial for enabling Data Saver on a Google Pixel 7 Pro. The tutorial consists of two main sections. The first section shows a step-by-step guide: "From the Settings app, tap Network & internet.", "Tap Data Saver.", "Note: Data Saver prevents some apps from sending or receiving data in the background.", and "Tap or slide the Use Data Saver switch to ON.". A callout box highlights the "Use Data Saver" switch. The second section shows a settings screen titled "Data Saver" with a blue toggle switch labeled "Use Data Saver". Below it, a note says "Unrestricted data" and "1 app allowed to use unrestricted data when Data Saver is on". A detailed note explains the purpose of Data Saver. At the bottom of the tutorial are navigation arrows and a "Was this information helpful?" button with thumbs up and down icons. ; https://verizon2018.sds.modeaondemand.com/en-us/tutorial/pixel-7-pro/14.0.0/feature_emergency_mode-using-power-saving-mode:</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>← Back to Google Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Using power saving mode</p> <p>Use emergency power saving mode when your device is low on battery and you still need to be able use some functions on your device.</p> <p>From the Home screen, drag down the Notification panel.</p> <p>Drag down the Quick settings panel.</p> <p>Swipe to Battery Saver.</p> <p>Note: Battery Saver saves battery power by turning off some device features and...</p> <p>Touch and hold the Battery Saver icon.</p> <p>Tap or slide the Use Battery Saver switch to ON.</p> <p>You've completed the steps!</p> <p></p> <p>Was this information helpful?  </p> <p>; https://verizon2018.sds.modeondemand.com/en-us/tutorial/pixel-7-pro/14.0.0/feature_battery_extreme-using-extreme-battery-saver-mode:</p>

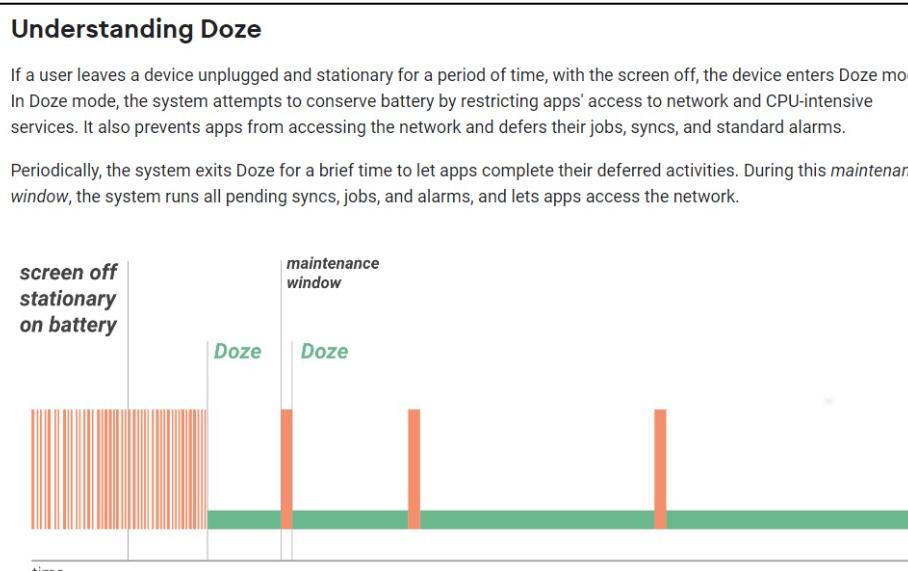
HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>← Back to Google Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Pixel 7 Pro</p> <p>Using Extreme Battery Saver mode</p> <p>Extreme Battery Saver pauses most apps, turns off features, and slows processes in addition to what Battery Saver limits.</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"><div style="flex-grow: 1; padding-right: 20px;"><p>From the Home screen, drag down the Notification panel.</p><p>Drag down the Quick settings panel.</p><p>Swipe to Battery Saver.</p><p>Note: Extreme Battery Saver helps you increase battery life by using your device less. It also turns off some power-heavy features like Wi-Fi hotspot, background activity, and more.</p><p>Tap and hold Battery Saver.</p><p>Tap the Extreme Battery Saver settings cog.</p><p>Tap the plus icon next to the apps you would like to keep running in Extreme Battery Saver Mode.</p><p>Note: To save the most battery, only choose critical apps.</p><p>You've completed the steps!</p></div><div style="text-align: right; flex-shrink: 0; margin-top: 20px;"><p>Wed, Oct. 13 1:50 Carrier 100%</p><p>Internet Networks avail. Bluetooth Off</p><p>Flashlight Off Do Not Disturb Off</p><p>Alarm No alarm set Airplane mode Off</p><p>Device control GPay Add a card</p><p>...</p><p>...</p><p>...</p></div></div> <p style="text-align: center;">Was this information helpful?  </p> <p>;</p> <p>https://developer.android.com/training/basics/network-ops/data-saver:</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>Optimize network data usage </p> <p>Over the life of a smartphone, the cost of a cellular data plan can easily exceed the cost of the device itself. On Android 7.0 (API level 24) and higher, users can enable Data Saver on a device-wide basis in order to optimize their device's data usage, and use less data. This ability is especially useful when roaming, near the end of the billing cycle, or for a small prepaid data pack.</p> <p>When a user enables Data Saver in Settings and the device is on a metered network, the system blocks background data usage and signals apps to use less data in the foreground wherever possible. Users can allow specific apps to use background metered data usage even when Data Saver is turned on.</p> <p>Android 7.0 (API level 24) extends the <code>ConnectivityManager</code> API to provide apps with a way to retrieve the user's Data Saver preferences and monitor preference changes. It is considered good practice for apps to check whether the user has enabled Data Saver and make an effort to limit foreground and background data usage.</p> <p>Check data saver preferences</p> <p>On Android 7.0 (API level 24) and higher, apps can use the <code>ConnectivityManager</code> API to determine what data usage restrictions are being applied. The <code>getRestrictBackgroundStatus()</code> method returns one of the following values:</p> <p><code>RESTRICT_BACKGROUND_STATUS_DISABLED</code></p> <p>Data Saver is disabled.</p> <p><code>RESTRICT_BACKGROUND_STATUS_ENABLED</code></p> <p>The user has enabled Data Saver for this app. Apps should make an effort to limit data usage in the foreground and gracefully handle restrictions to background data usage.</p> <p><code>RESTRICT_BACKGROUND_STATUS_WHITELISTED</code></p> <p>The user has enabled Data Saver but the app is allowed to bypass it. Apps should still make an effort to limit foreground and background data usage.</p> <p>Limit data usage whenever the device is connected to a metered network, even if Data Saver is disabled or the app is allowed to bypass it. The following sample code uses <code>ConnectivityManager.isActiveNetworkMetered()</code> and <code>ConnectivityManager.getRestrictBackgroundStatus()</code> to determine how much data the app should use:</p> <p>; https://developer.android.com/training/monitoring-device-state/doze-standby:</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>Optimize for Doze and App Standby □ ▾</p> <p>Starting from Android 6.0 (API level 23), Android introduces two power-saving features that extend battery life for users by managing how apps behave when a device is not connected to a power source. <i>Doze</i> reduces battery consumption by deferring background CPU and network activity for apps when the device is unused for long periods of time. <i>App Standby</i> defers background network activity for apps with which the user has not recently interacted.</p> <p>While the device is in Doze, apps' access to certain battery-intensive resources is deferred until maintenance windows. The specific restrictions are listed in Power Management Restrictions.</p> <p>Doze and App Standby manage the behavior of all apps running on Android 6.0 or higher, regardless whether they are specifically targeting API level 23. To ensure the best experience for users, test your app in Doze and App Standby modes and make any necessary adjustments to your code. The sections below provide details.</p> <p>Understanding Doze</p> <p>If a user leaves a device unplugged and stationary for a period of time, with the screen off, the device enters Doze mode. In Doze mode, the system attempts to conserve battery by restricting apps' access to network and CPU-intensive services. It also prevents apps from accessing the network and defers their jobs, syncs, and standard alarms.</p> <p>Periodically, the system exits Doze for a brief time to let apps complete their deferred activities. During this <i>maintenance window</i>, the system runs all pending syncs, jobs, and alarms, and lets apps access the network.</p>  <p>Figure 1. Doze provides a recurring maintenance window for apps to use the network and handle pending activities.</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>At the conclusion of each maintenance window, the system again enters Doze, suspending network access and deferring jobs, syncs, and alarms. Over time, the system schedules maintenance windows less and less frequently, helping to reduce battery consumption in cases of longer-term inactivity when the device is not connected to a charger.</p> <p>As soon as the user wakes the device by moving it, turning on the screen, or connecting a charger, the system exits Doze and all apps return to normal activity.</p> <p>The Doze restriction on network access is also likely to affect your app, especially if the app relies on real-time messages such as tickles or notifications. If your app requires a persistent connection to the network to receive messages, you should use Firebase Cloud Messaging (FCM) if possible.</p> <p>; https://developer.android.com/topic/performance/appstandby:</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

App Standby Buckets



Android 9 (API level 28) and higher support **App Standby Buckets**. App Standby Buckets help the system prioritize apps' requests for resources based on how recently and how frequently the apps are used. Based on app usage patterns, each app is placed in one of five priority **buckets**. The system limits the device resources available to each app based on which bucket the app is in.

Priority buckets

The system dynamically assigns each app to a priority bucket, reassigning the apps as needed. The system may rely on a preloaded app that uses machine learning to determine how likely each app is to be used, and assigns apps to the appropriate buckets. If the system app is not present on a device, the system defaults to sorting apps based on how recently they were used. More active apps are assigned to buckets that give the apps higher priority, making more system resources available to the app. In particular, the bucket determines how frequently the app's jobs run, and how often the app can trigger alarms. These restrictions apply only while the device is on battery power; the system does not impose these restrictions on apps while the device is charging.



Note: Every manufacturer can set their own criteria for how non-active apps are assigned to buckets. You should not try to influence which bucket your app is assigned to. Instead, focus on making sure your app behaves well in whatever bucket it might be in. Your app can find out what bucket it's currently in by calling [UsageStatsManager.getAppStandbyBucket\(\)](#).

The buckets are:

1. **Active**: App is currently being used or was very recently used.
2. **Working set**: App is in regular use.
3. **Frequent**: App is often used, but not every day.
4. **Rare**: App is not frequently used.
5. **Restricted**: App consumes a great deal of system resources, or may exhibit undesirable behavior.

In addition, there's a special **never** bucket for apps that have been installed but have never been run. The system imposes severe restrictions on these apps.

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>; https://developer.android.com/topic/performance/power/power-details:</p> <h2>Power management restrictions</h2> <p>As described in Power management, the system can impose power restrictions on apps for a number of reasons. The following table outlines the current restrictions. These restrictions do not apply while the device is charging.</p> <p>In each case, the most restrictive applicable setting is the one that takes effect. For example, if Battery Saver is active and an app is in the Rare bucket, the more stringent App Standby Buckets restrictions on Firebase Cloud Messaging (FCM) are applied.</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Setting	Jobs *	Alarms	Network †	Firebase Cloud Messaging §
User Restricts Background Activity				
Restrictions enabled:	Never	Never	No restriction	No restriction
Doze				
Doze active:	Deferred to window	Regular alarms: Deferred to window Inexact while-idle alarms: Limited to 1 per 9 minutes Exact while-idle alarms: Limited to 72 per hour	Deferred to window	High priority: No restriction Normal priority: Deferred to window
App Standby Buckets (by bucket)				
Active:	No restriction	No restriction	No restriction	No restriction
Working set:	Limited to 10 minutes every 2 hours	Limited to 10 per hour	No restriction	No restriction
Frequent:	Limited to 10 minutes every 8 hours	Limited to 2 per hour	No restriction	High priority: 10/day
Rare:	Limited to 10 minutes every 24 hours	Limited to 1 per hour	Disabled	High priority: 5/day
Restricted:	Once per day	One alarm per day, either an exact alarm or an inexact alarm	Disabled	High priority: 5/day

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>; https://developer.android.com/topic/performance/background-optimization; https://developer.android.com/reference/android/app/job/JobScheduler; https://developer.android.com/guide/background/persistent; https://developer.android.com/guide/components/activities/activity-lifecycle:</p>

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Activity-lifecycle concepts

To navigate transitions between stages of the activity lifecycle, the `Activity` class provides a core set of six callbacks: `onCreate()`, `onStart()`, `onResume()`, `onPause()`, `onStop()`, and `onDestroy()`. The system invokes each of these callbacks as the activity enters a new state.

Figure 1 presents a visual representation of this paradigm.

As the user begins to leave the activity, the system calls methods to dismantle the activity. In some cases, the activity is only partially dismantled and still resides in memory, such as when the user switches to another app. In these cases, the activity can still come back to the foreground.

If the user returns to the activity, it resumes from where the user left off. With a few exceptions, apps are [restricted from starting activities when running in the background](#).

The system’s likelihood of killing a given process, along with the activities in it, depends on the state of the activity at the time. For more information on the relationship between state and vulnerability to ejection, see the section about [activity state and ejection from memory](#).

Depending on the complexity of your activity, you probably don’t need to implement all the lifecycle methods. However, it’s important that you understand each one and implement those that make your app behave the way users expect.

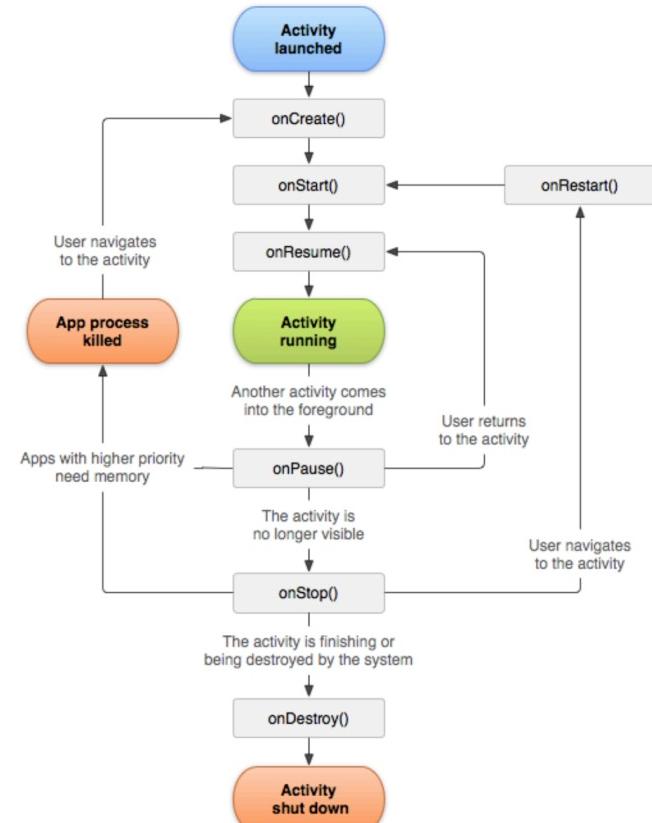


Figure 1. A simplified illustration of the activity lifecycle.

HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY

Claim	Public Documentation
	<p>; https://developer.android.com/guide/components/activities/process-lifecycle; https://developer.android.com/guide/background; https://developer.android.com/about/versions/pie/android-9.0; https://developer.android.com/training/basics/network-ops/reading-network-state; https://developer.android.com/training/connectivity/network-access-optimization; https://developer.android.com/reference/android/net/NetworkCapabilities.</p> <p><i>See also, e.g.,</i> https://www.verizon.com/plans/; https://www.verizon.com/business/products/plans/; https://www.verizon.com/business/products/security/mobile-device-endpoint-security/mobile-device-management/mdm-device-enrollment-programs/; https://www.verizon.com/solutions-and-services/add-ons/safety/verizon-smart-family; https://www.verizon.com/support/knowledge-base-206963; https://www.verizon.com/support/knowledge-base-152696; https://www.verizon.com/support/verizon-smart-family-faqs.</p> <p><i>See also, e.g.,</i> VZN-HW0000173 (and the Verizon requirements plans/documents referenced therein, as well as similar Verizon Requirement Plan(s), e.g., VZN-HW0177206; VZN-HW0175764; VZN-HW0177547; VZN-HW0175706; VZN-HW0176298; VZN-HW0174414; VZN-HW0175852; VZN-HW0175684; VZN-HW0175615; VZN-HW0177896; VZN-HW0174579; VZN-HW0176039; VZN-HW0176619; VZN-HW0175530; VZN-HW0174481; VZN-HW0176225; VZN-HW0174810; VZN-HW0177800; VZN-HW0174672; VZN-HW0175151; VZN-HW0176639; VZN-HW0174543; VZN-HW0175659; VZN-HW0176530; VZN-HW0174593; VZN-HW0178394; VZN-HW0174828; VZN-HW0175450; VZN-HW0176204; VZN-HW0176982; VZN-HW0176005; VZN-HW0175549; VZN-HW0178430; VZN-HW0176958; VZN-HW0178438; VZN-HW0176578; VZN-HW0176348; VZN-HW0175719; VZN-HW0176376; VZN-HW0175638; VZN-HW0173989; VZN-HW0168826; VZN-HW0172610; VZN-HW0170830; VZN-HW0170123; VZN-HW0170020; VZN-HW0176096; VZN-HW0173579; VZN-HW0168055; VZN-HW0173207; VZN-HW0175801; VZN-HW0171292; VZN-HW0176404; VZN-HW0169708; VZN-HW0174711; VZN-HW0171041; VZN-HW0168438; VZN-HW0169144; VZN-HW0171034; VZN-HW0176253; VZN-HW0168937; VZN-HW0178208; VZN-HW0168214; VZN-HW0177919; VZN-HW0177231; VZN-HW0170855; VZN-HW0173155; VZN-HW0169753; VZN-HW0172836; VZN-HW0178369; VZN-HW0175490; VZN-HW0170876; VZN-HW0173388; VZN-HW0175252; VZN-HW0171269; VZN-HW0177977; VZN-HW0170140; VZN-HW0171240; VZN-HW0171064; VZN-HW0171315; VZN-HW0173181; VZN-HW0168426; VZN-HW0171251; VZN-HW0177620; VZN-HW0168225; VZN-HW0177024; VZN-HW0174394; VZN-HW0176581; VZN-</p>